

# Latest results on the H(125) from the LHC

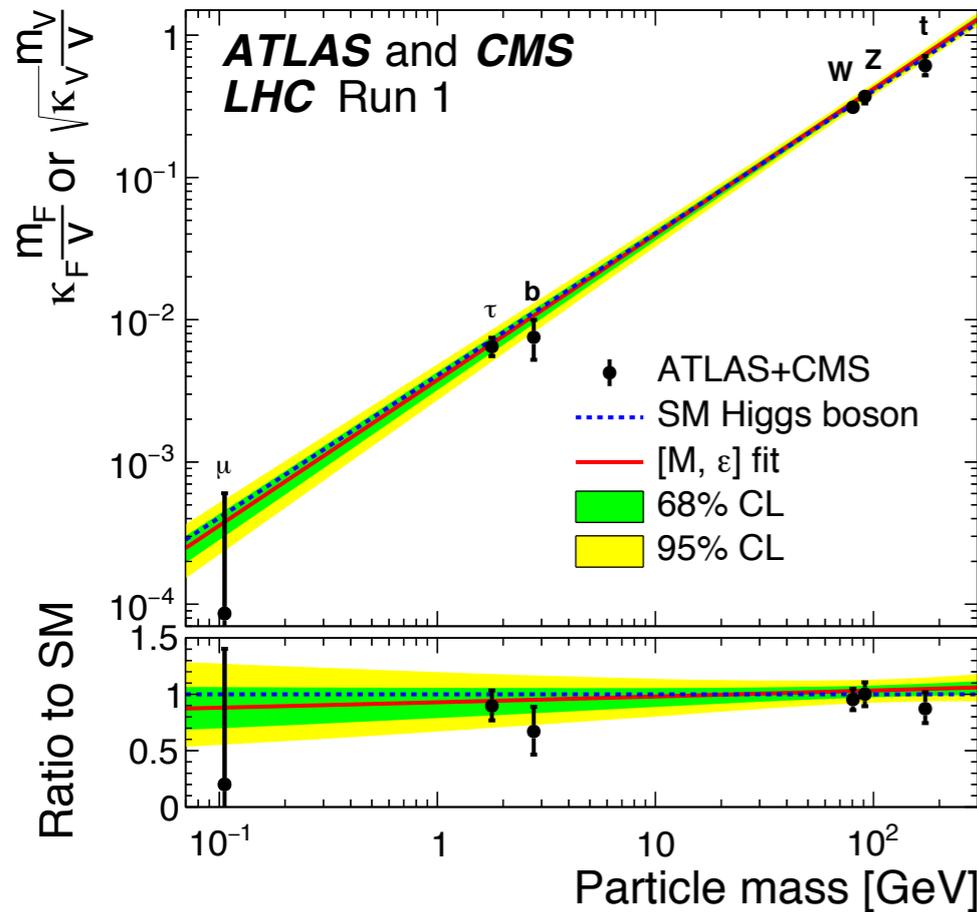
宇宙史研究センター構成員会議・成果報告会, June 4, 2018

**Hideki Okawa**

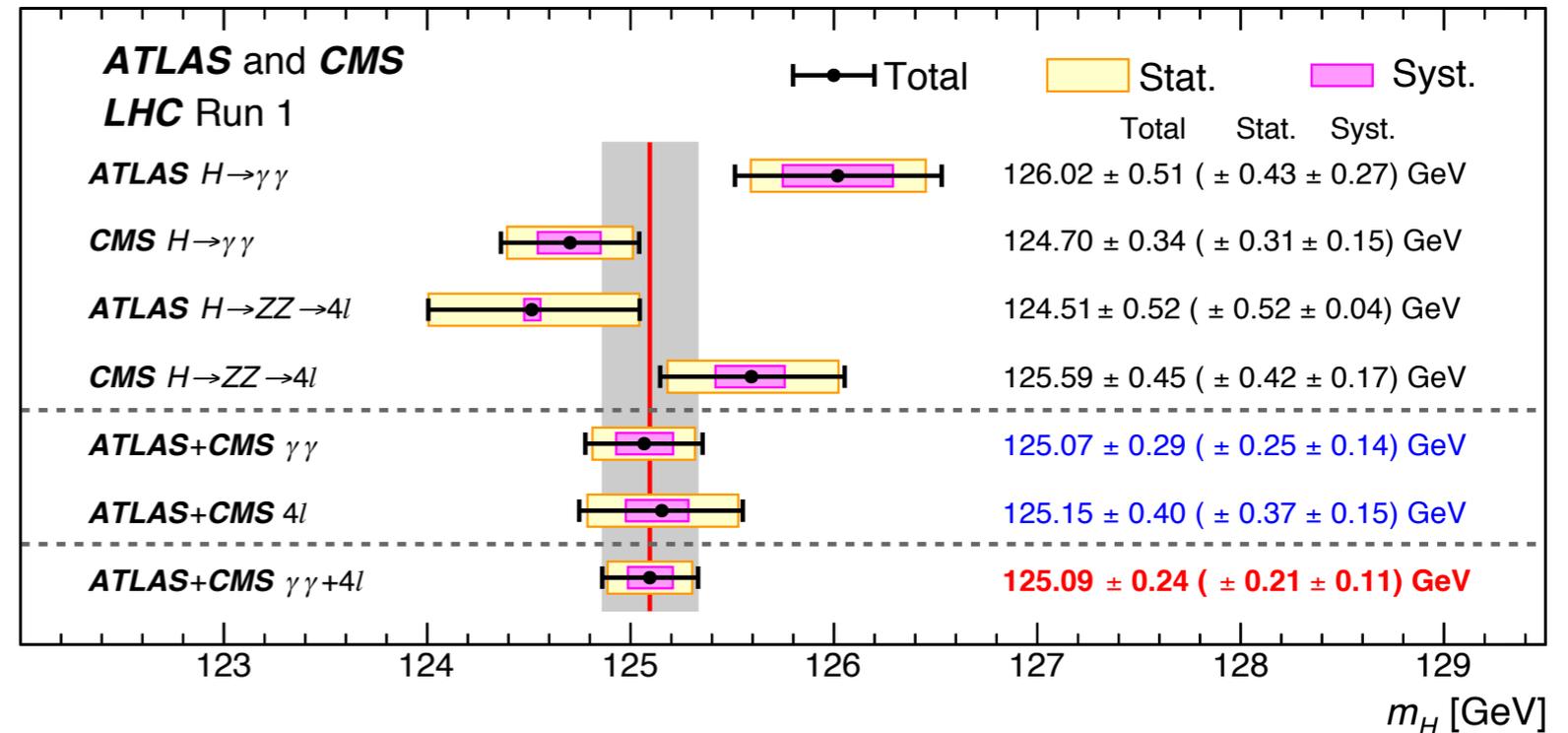
University of Tsukuba, Division of Physics &  
Tomonaga Center for the History of the Universe



*JHEP 08 (2016) 045*



*PRL 114 (2015) 191803*

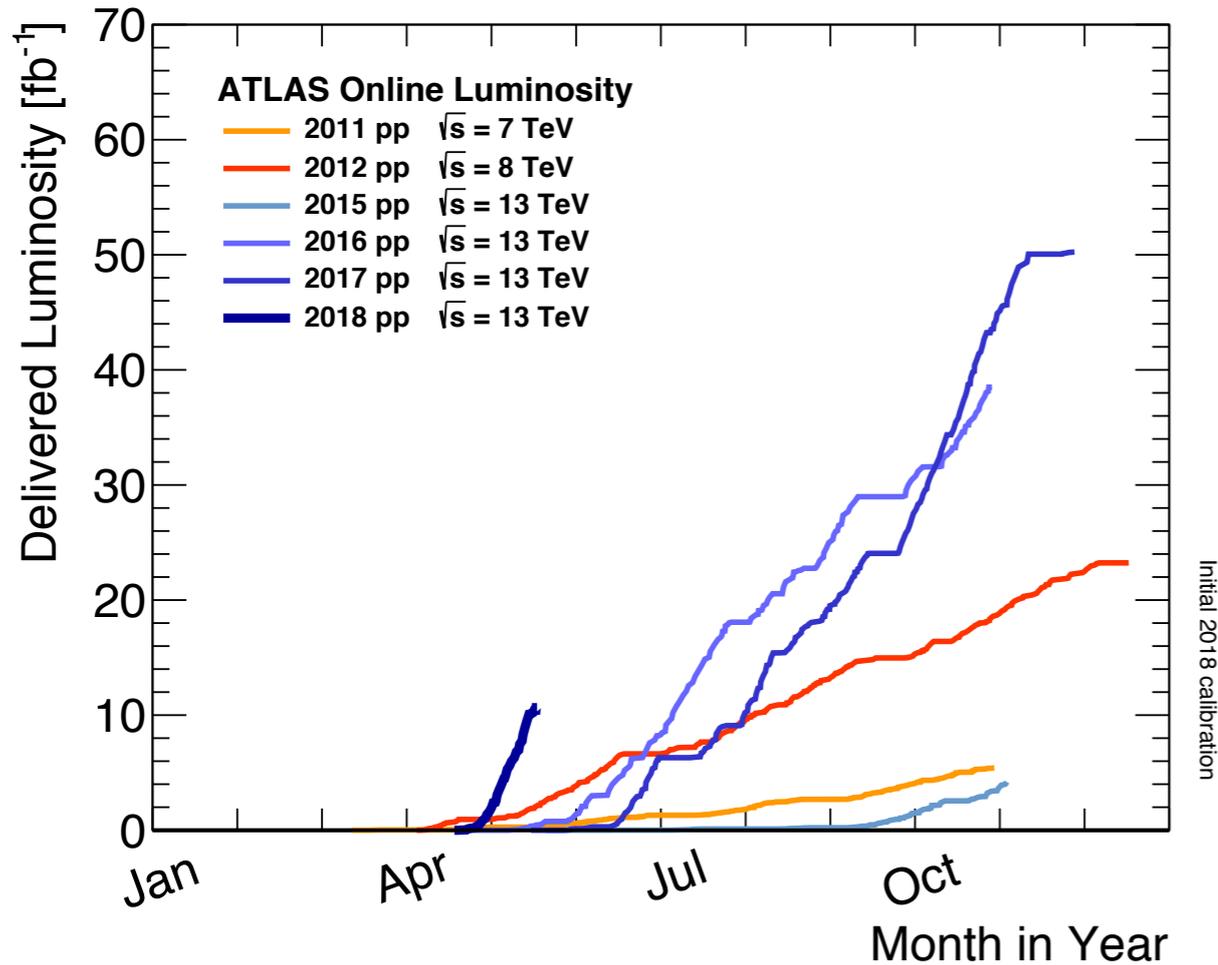


- Historical achievements at LHC Run 1:
  - Discovery of a Higgs boson
  - Direct observation of  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $ZZ$ ,  $W^+W^-$ ,  $\tau^+\tau^-$
  - Confirmation of Spin/CP properties
  - Precise measurement of its mass

- Yet still missing items:
  - Observation of the largest decay mode ( $b\bar{b}$ )
  - Direct observation of Top Yukawa coupling
  - Rare decays from new physics?
  - Higgs self-coupling (challenging at LHC)

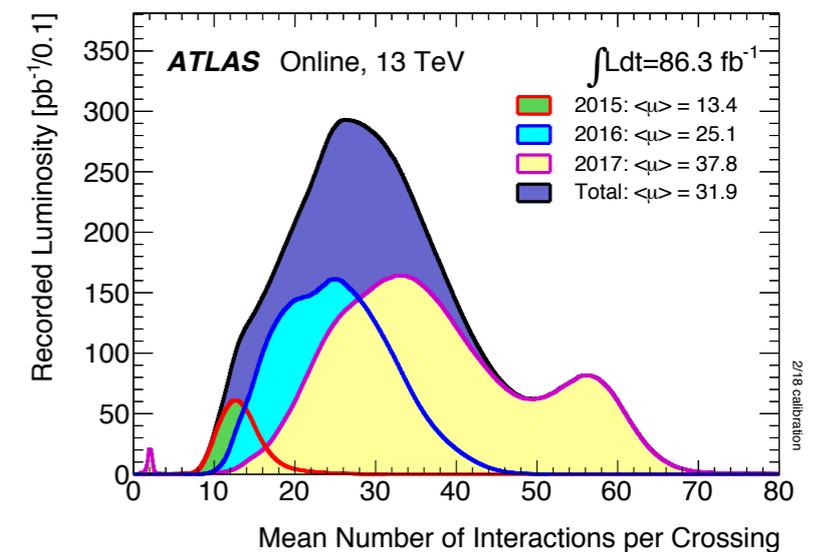


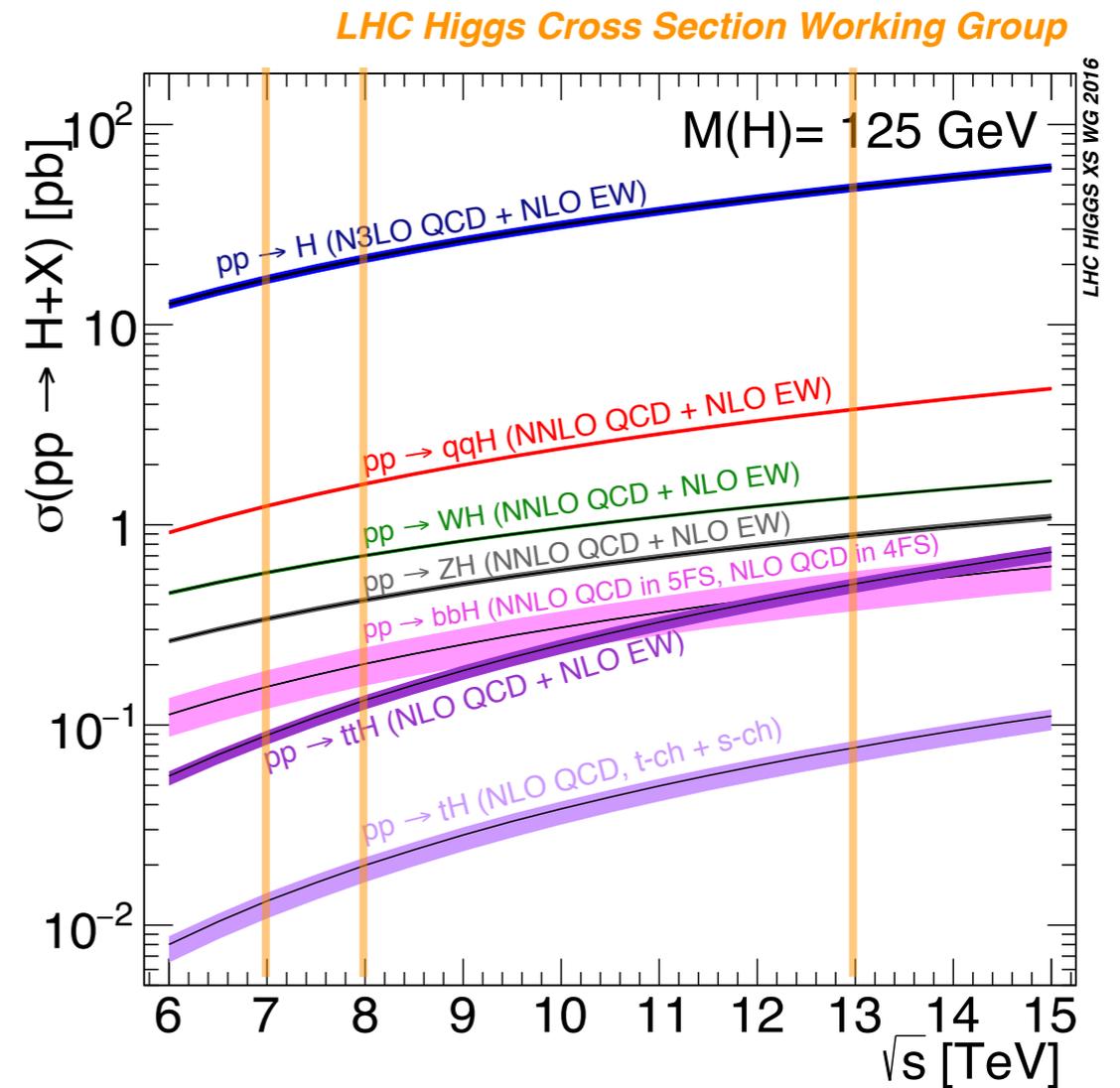
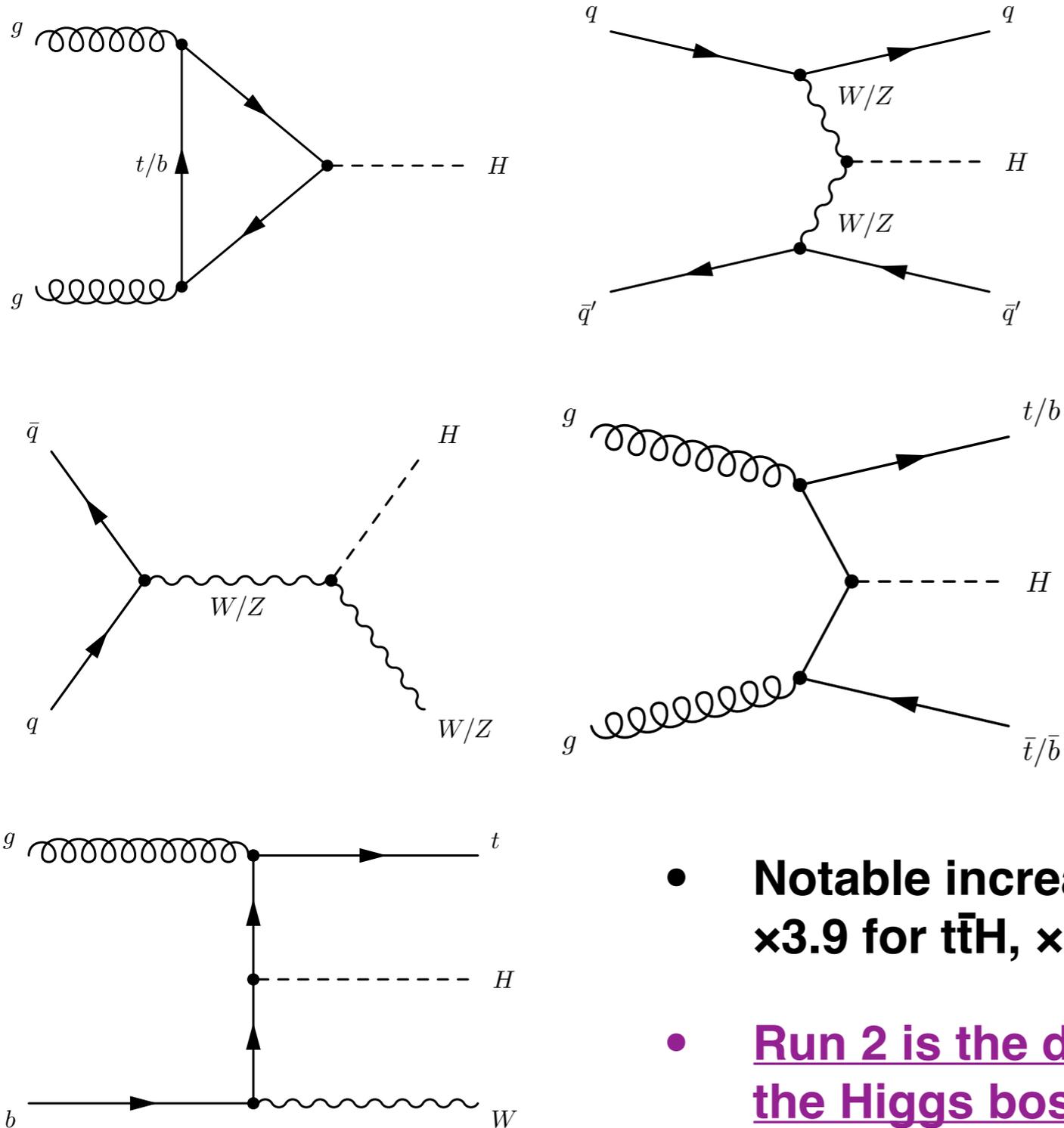
# LHC Run 2



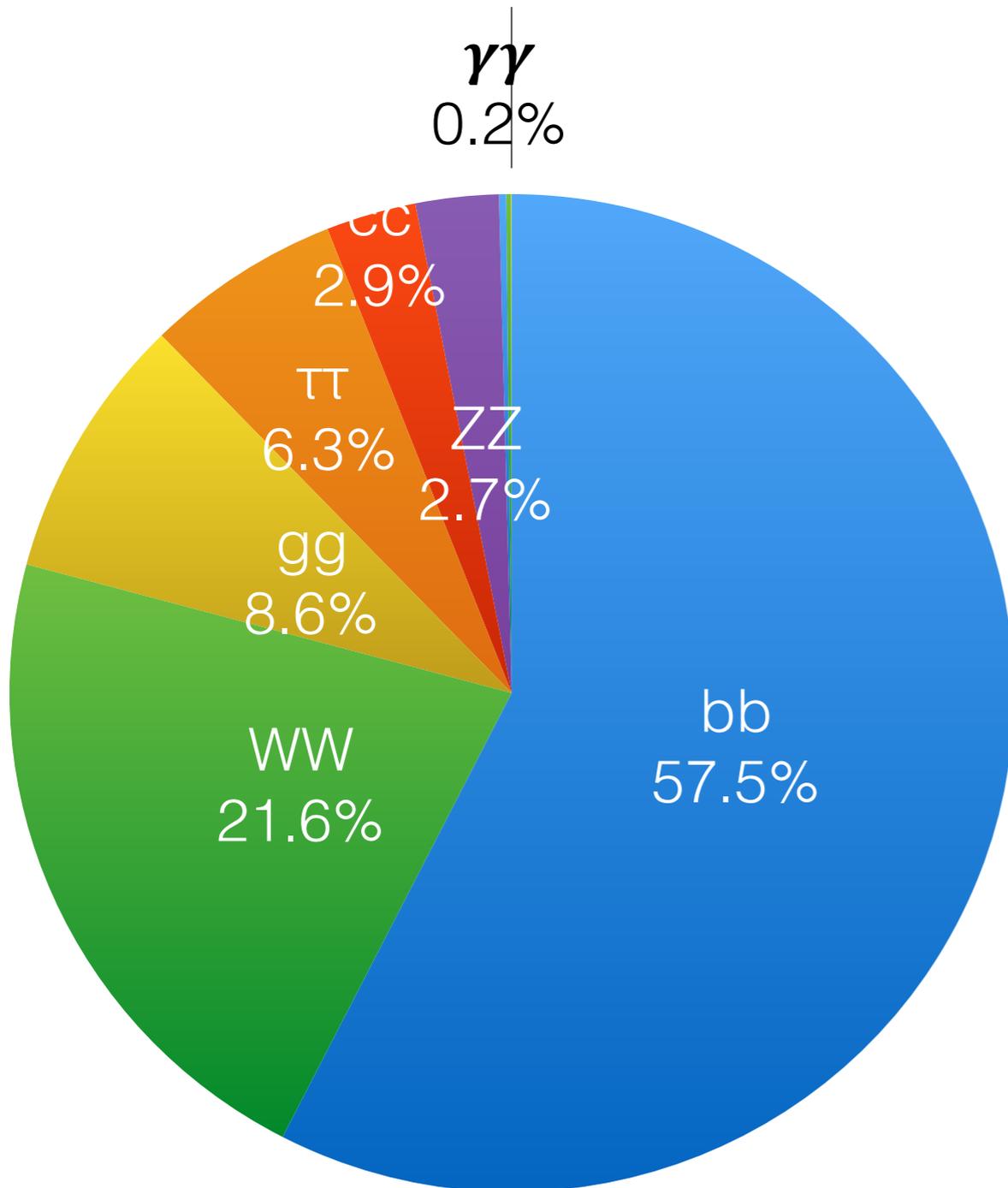
Run 2 ( $\sqrt{s} = 13$ TeV)	Deliv. Lumi.	Peak Lumi. [ $\text{cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$ ]
<b>2018</b> (as of May 17)	<b>10.4 <math>\text{fb}^{-1}</math></b>	<b><math>2.14 \times 10^{34}</math></b>
2017	50.2 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	$2.09 \times 10^{34}$
2016	38.5 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	$1.38 \times 10^{34}$
2015	4.2 $\text{fb}^{-1}$	$0.50 \times 10^{34}$

- **Delivered more than 100  $\text{fb}^{-1}$  in Run 2 already.** Successful operation of LHC & ATLAS/CMS.
  - **Peak luminosity =  $2.14 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$  in 2018 (twice the design luminosity),** more challenging with pileup
- Results presented here are with **2015+2016 datasets** ( $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV}$ , 36  $\text{fb}^{-1}$ ).





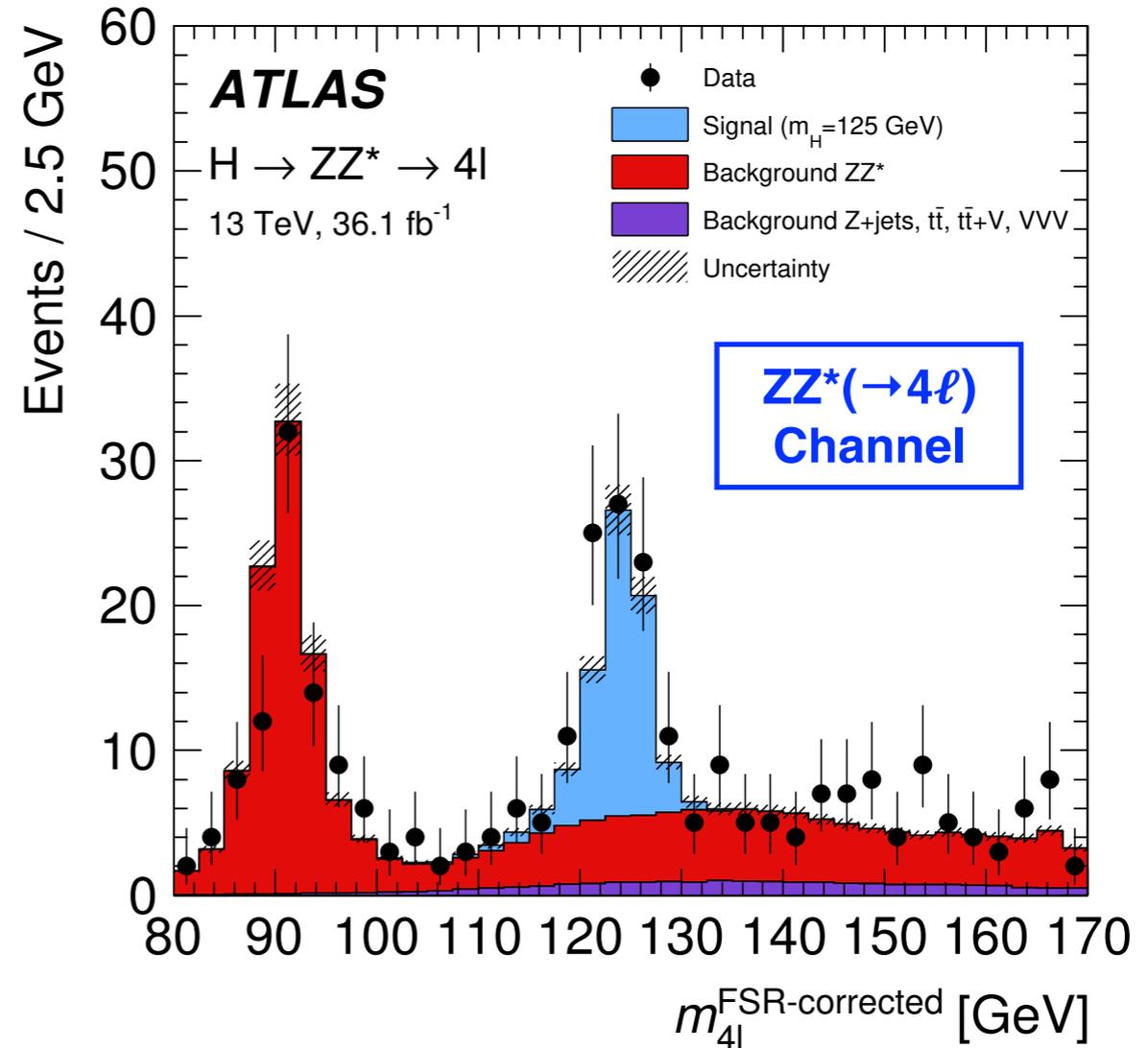
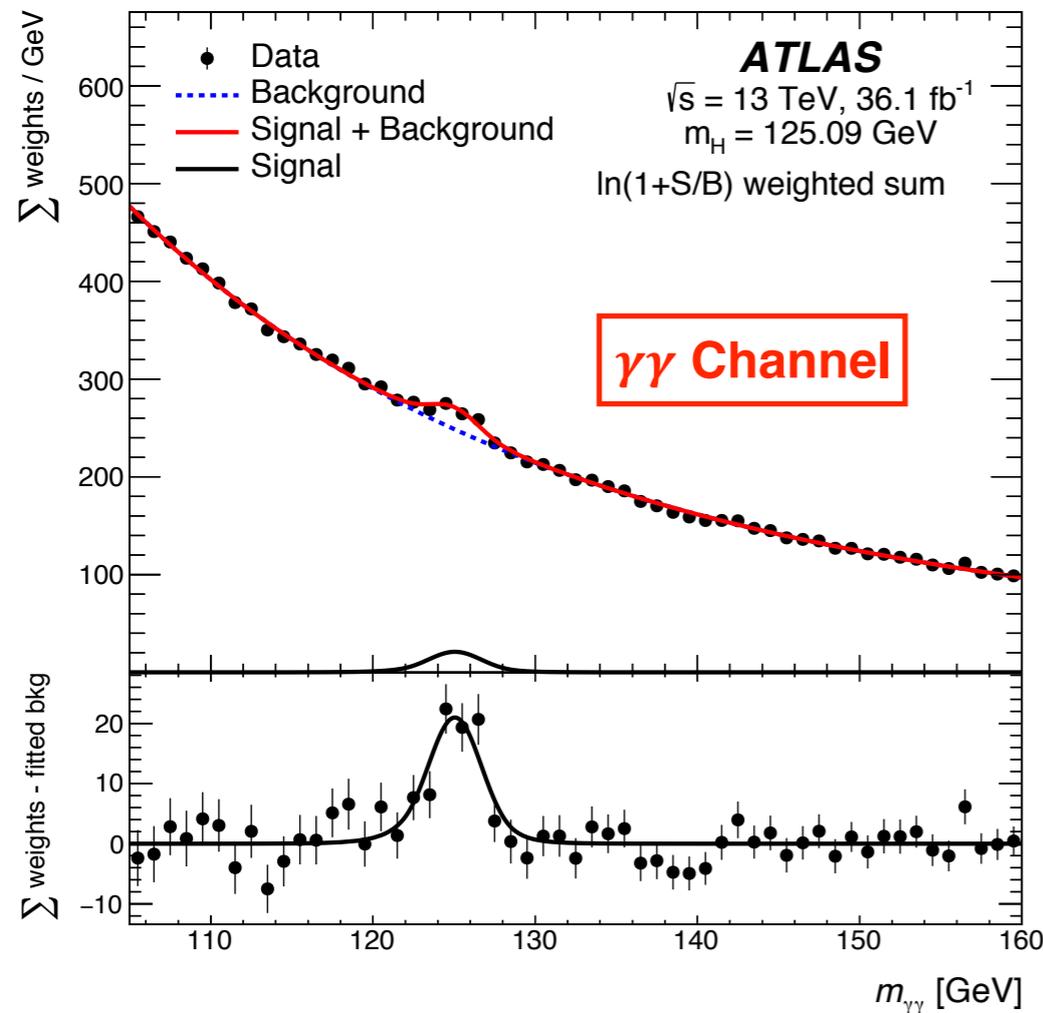
- **Notable increase in the cross section ( $\times 2.3$  for ggF,  $\times 3.9$  for  $t\bar{t}H$ ,  $\times 3.3$  for HH) from  $\sqrt{s}=8 \rightarrow 13$  TeV.**
- Run 2 is the dawn of precision measurements for the Higgs boson & discovery phase of the  $t\bar{t}H$ .



- $\gamma\gamma, ZZ(\rightarrow 4\ell)$ : **Discovery channels**. Small branching ratios (BRs), but good mass resolution & clean signatures.
- $W^+W^-(\rightarrow l+\nu l-\bar{\nu})$ : **Large BR, good sensitivity to ggF & VBF**, but poor mass resolution due to two neutrinos.
- $b\bar{b}$ : **Has the largest BR, but suffers from large BG**. The last major channel to be observed.
- $\tau^+\tau^-$ : Reasonable mass resolution, good sensitivity to ggF & VBF prod. **Best sensitivity to Higgs-fermion coupling**.
- $g\bar{g}$ : **Can only be measured at ILC**.
- $c\bar{c}$ : **Can only be measured at ILC**.
- $Z\gamma, \mu^+\mu^-$ : Very low BRs. Progressing toward the observation of  $\mu^+\mu^-$ .  $Z\gamma$  should be visible at HL-LHC.



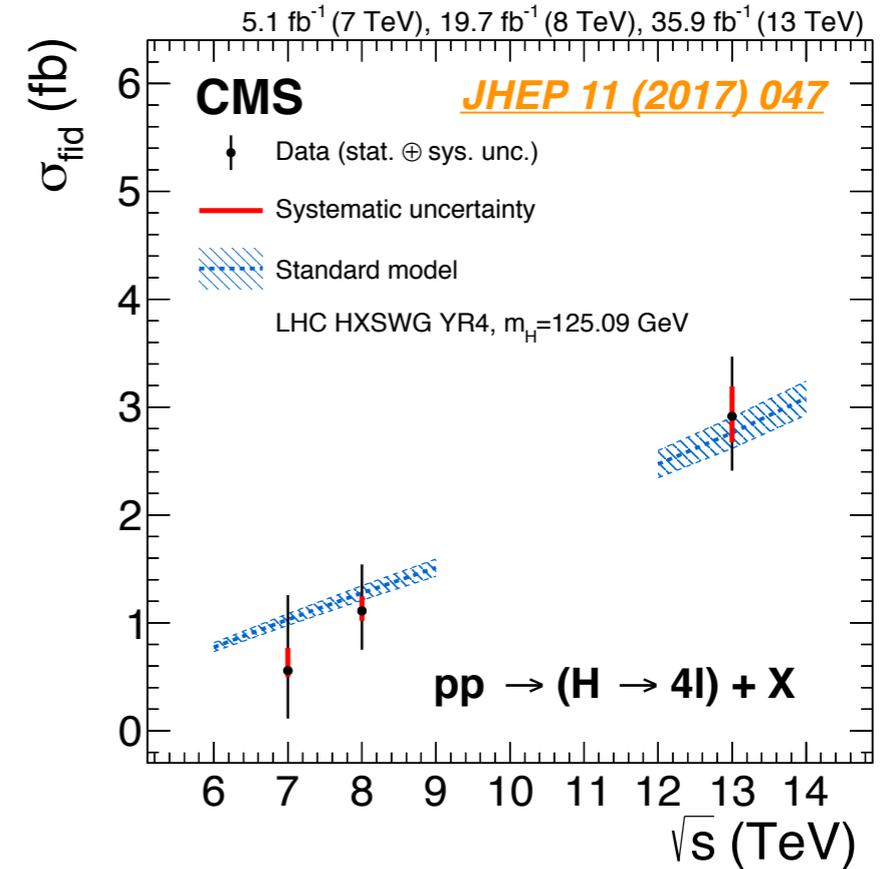
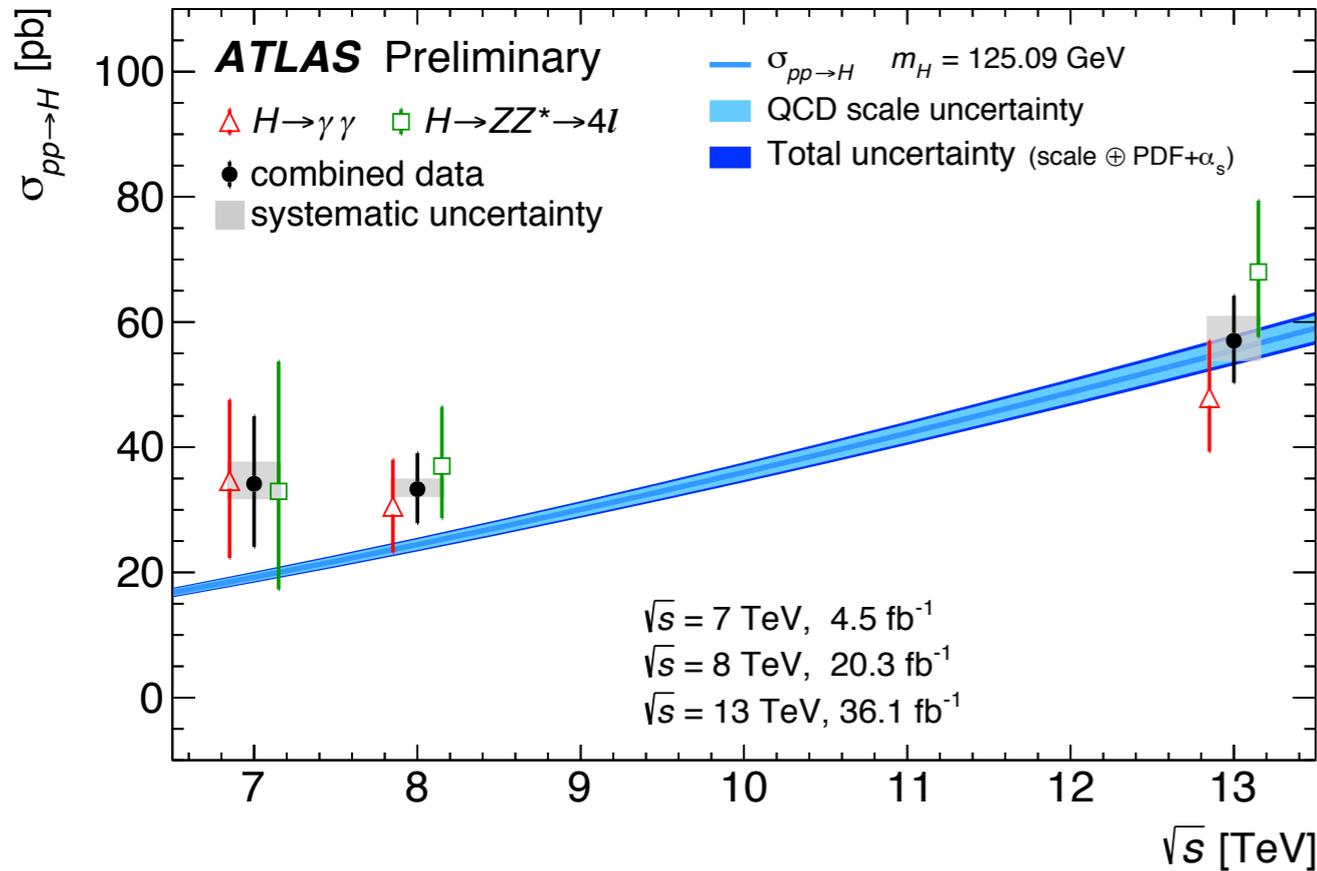
arXiv:1802.04146



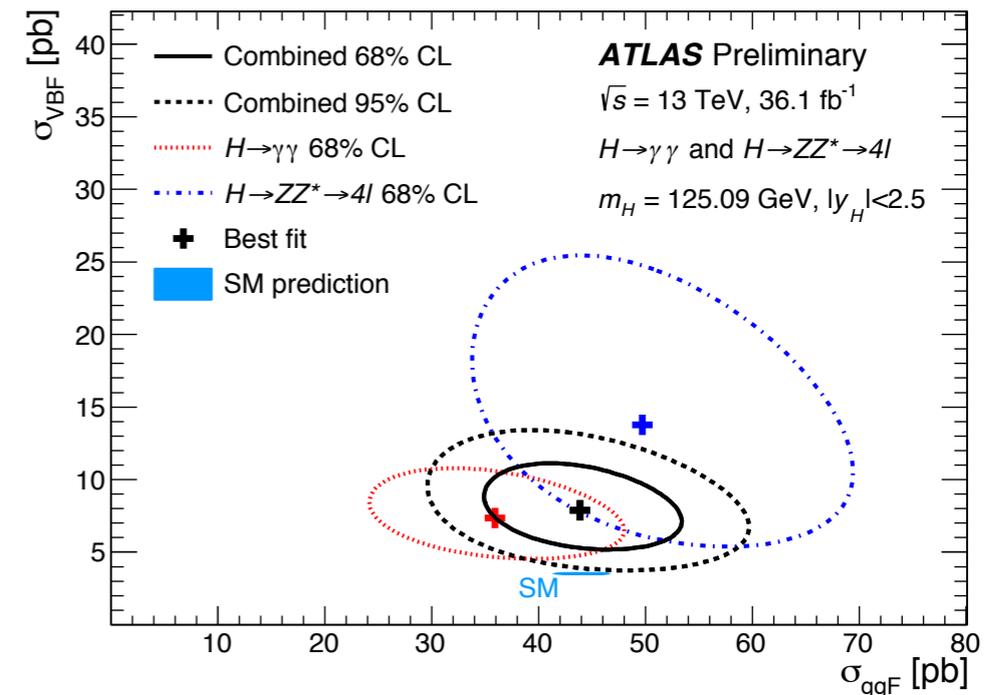
- Higgs boson was discovered by the “Golden” boson-decay channels:  $\gamma\gamma$ ,  $ZZ^*(\rightarrow 4\ell)$  at LHC Run 1. **LHC Run 2 is the dawn of the Higgs precision measurements.**
- **The two channels are combined to measure the cross section & mass, as well as the signal strengths of various production modes.**



ATLAS-CONF-2017-047

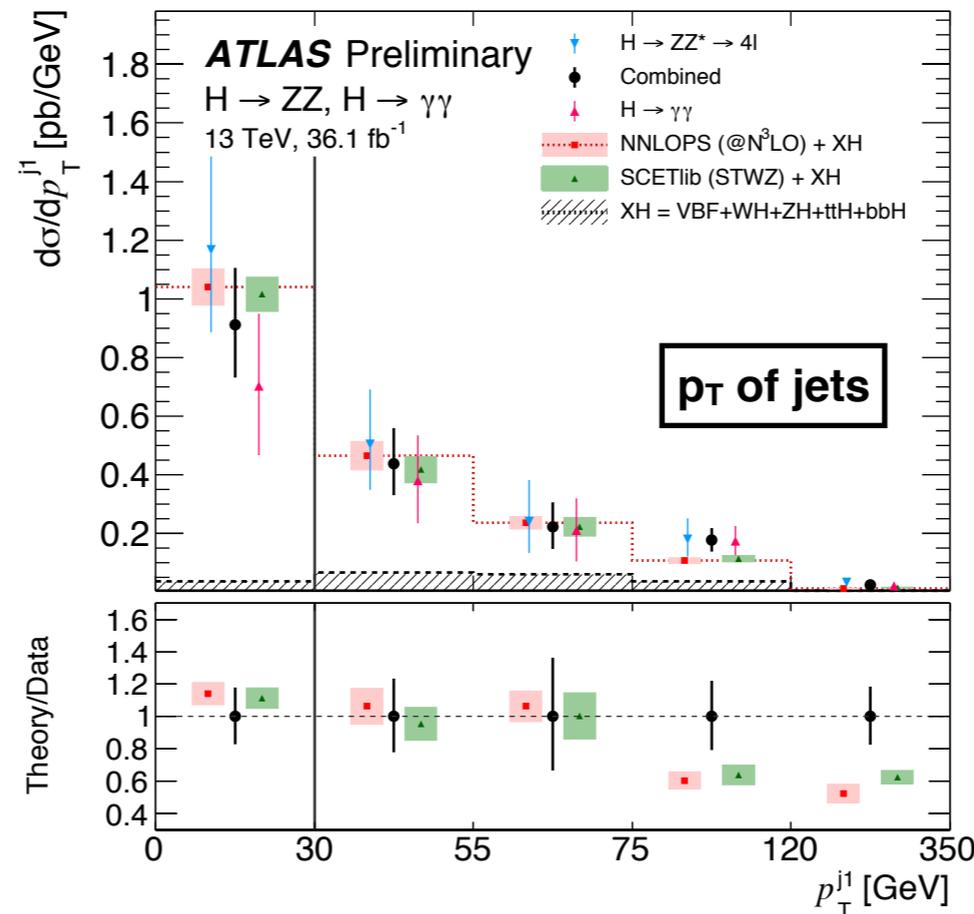
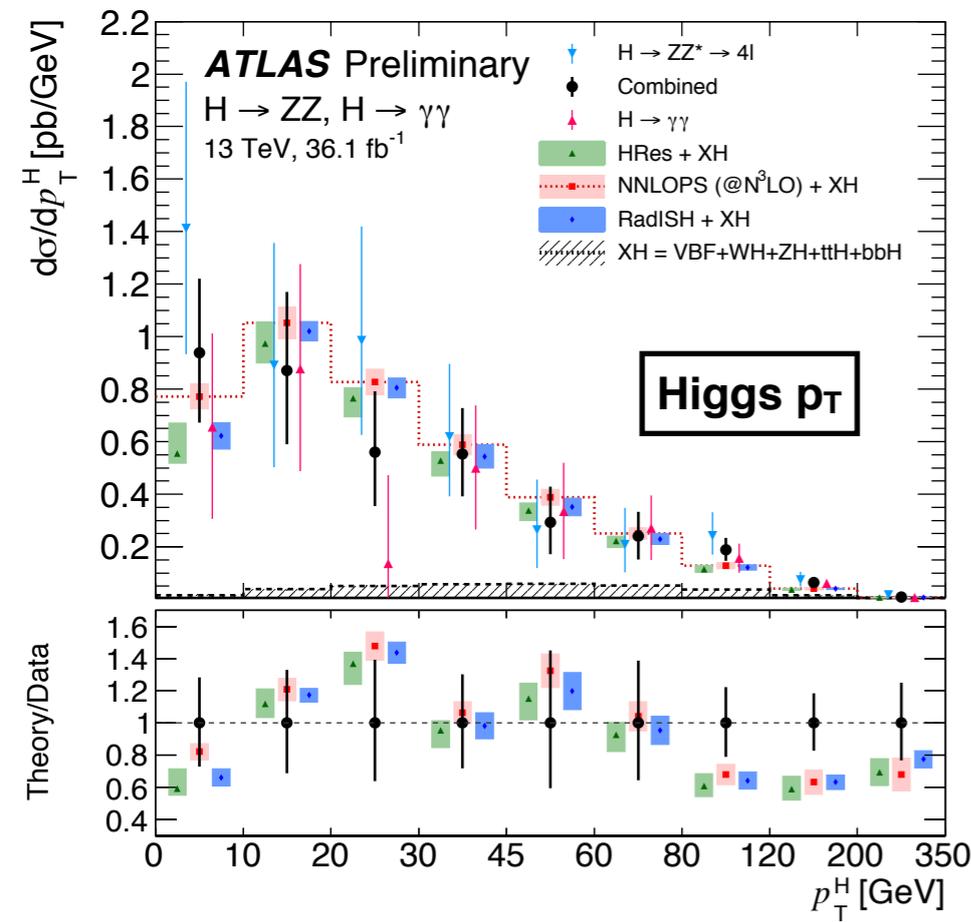


- Higgs production cross section matches well with the N<sup>3</sup>LO prediction within the uncertainty in Run 2.
- VBF cross section is slightly above the SM prediction.

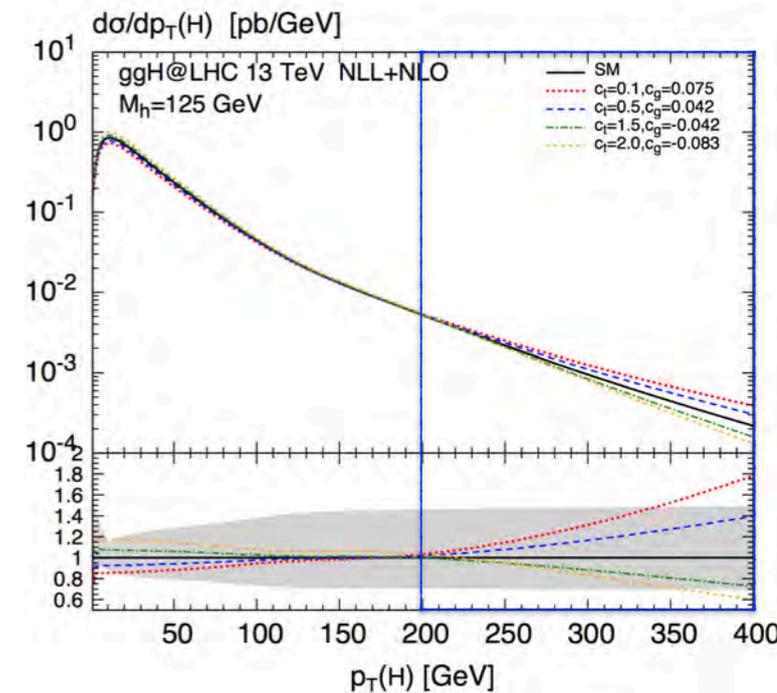




ATLAS-CONF-2018-002



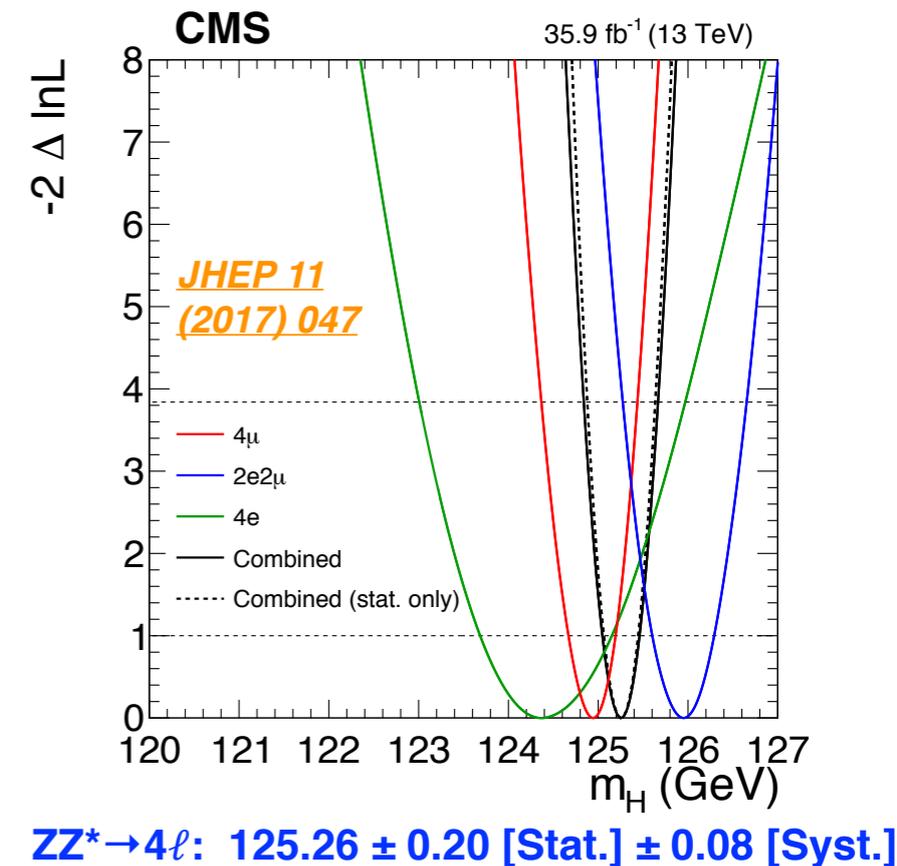
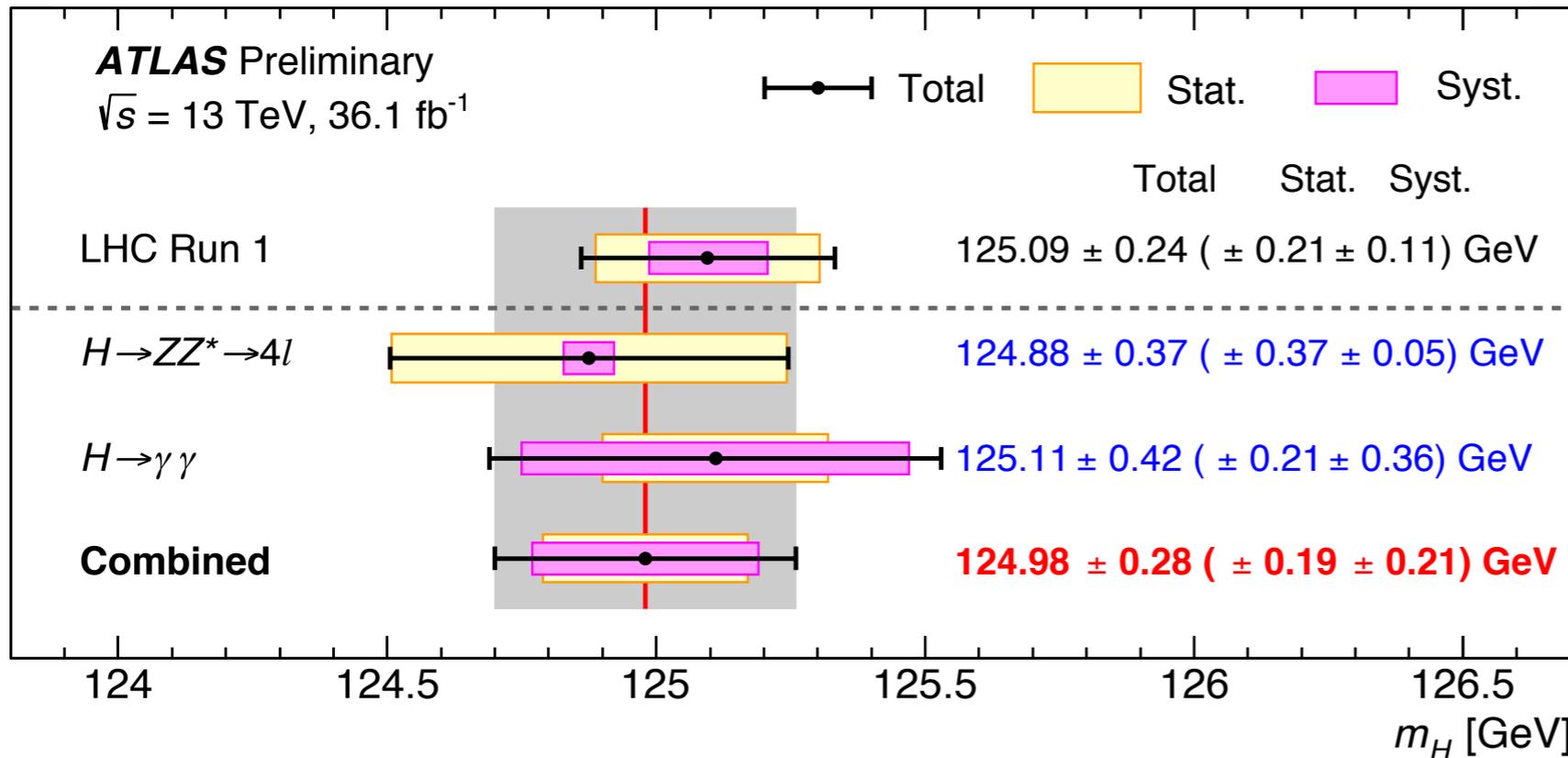
Impact of new physics on Higgs  $p_T$



JHEP(2017) 2017:115

- Kinematic distributions (Higgs  $p_T$ ,  $y$ , number of jets & jet  $p_T$ ) are important probes **to check the validity of the perturbative QCD** and **to understand/improve the Monte Carlo generators.**
- **Higgs  $p_T$  &  $p_T$  of jets are also sensitive to physics beyond the Standard Model** & are important to measure them precisely.

ATLAS-CONF-2017-046



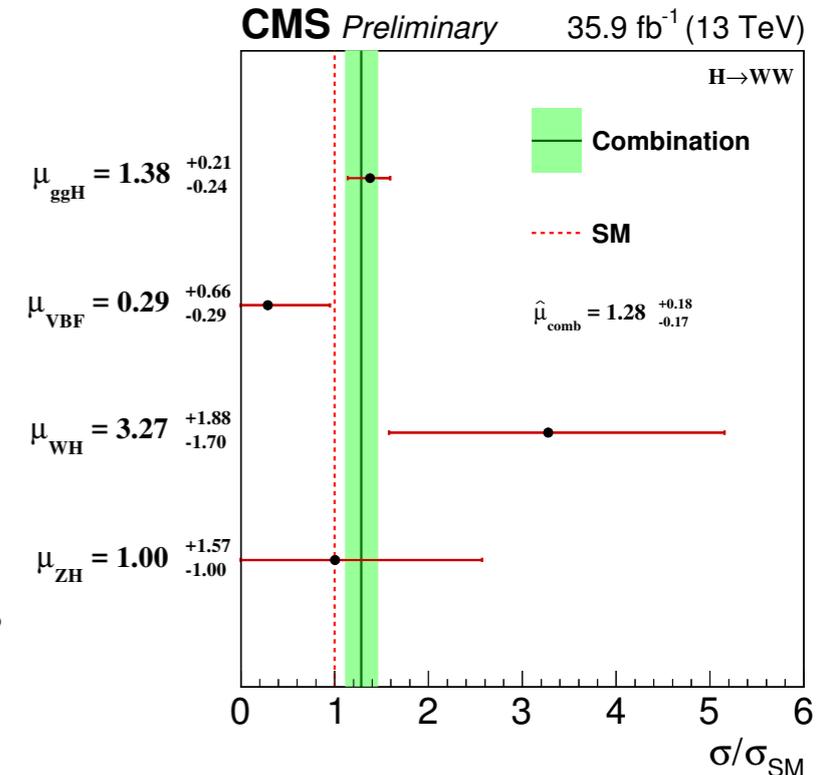
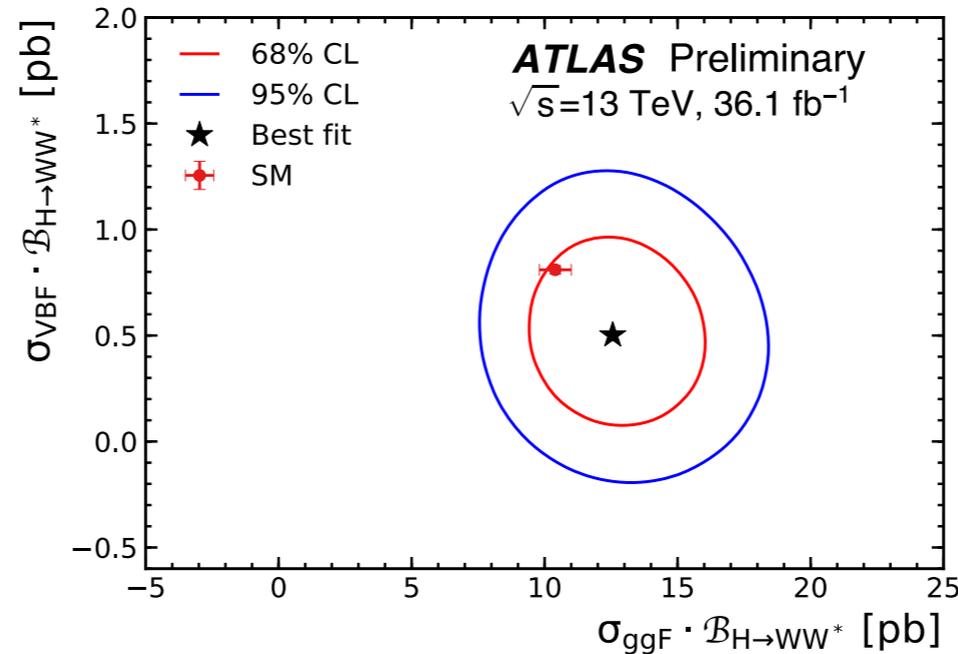
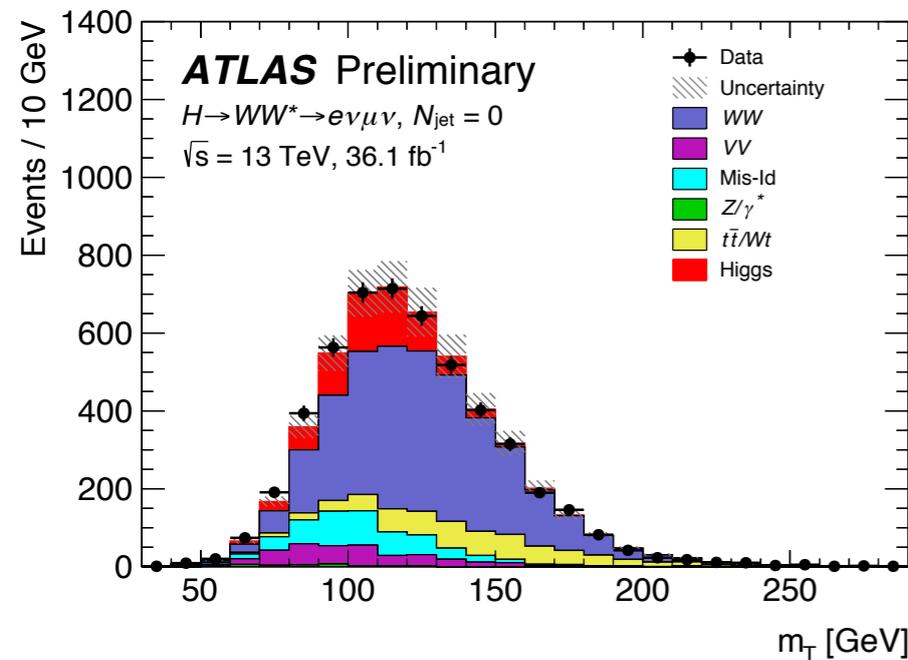
- **Similar precision ( $\sim 0.2\%$ ) as the Run-1 (ATLAS+CMS) measurement with the ATLAS-only Run-2  $\gamma\gamma+4\ell$  combined or CMS-only  $4\ell$ .**
- $\gamma\gamma$  &  $ZZ^*(\rightarrow 4\ell)$  channels are currently compatible in precision.
- **$ZZ^*(\rightarrow 4\ell)$  channel is still dominated by the statistical uncertainties.**
- **$\gamma\gamma$  channel needs to cope with the systematic uncertainties** (electromagnetic calorimeter response & materials from the inner detectors) to further reduce the uncertainties.

# $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)} \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$



ATLAS-CONF-2018-004

CMS-PAS-HIG-16-042



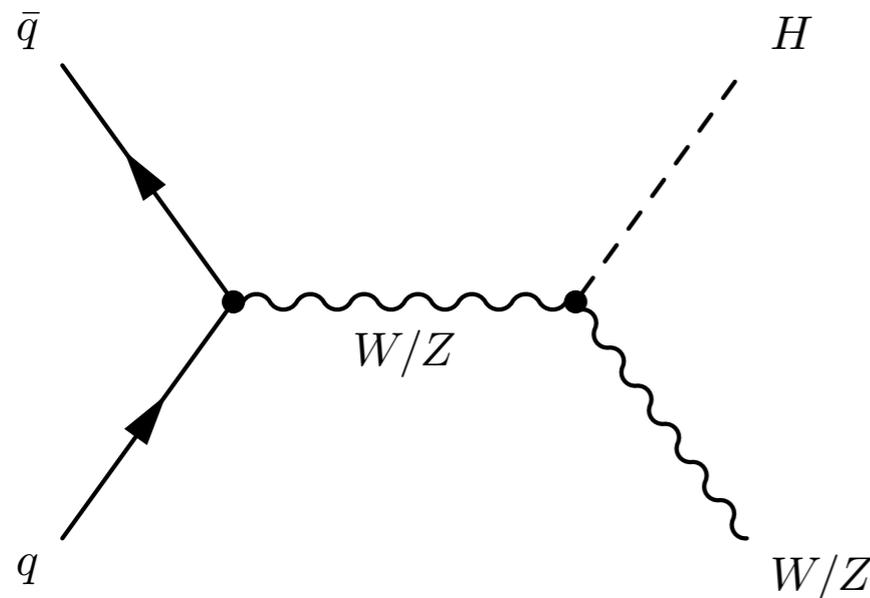
- Large signal statistics available but challenging to cope with the large BG. **Access to all the production modes.**
- ATLAS analyzed the  $e\nu\mu\nu$  channel, whereas CMS considered both the different/same lepton flavor channels as well as multilepton channels for WH & ZH production modes.
- **Signal strengths compatible with the SM.**
- **Both ATLAS & CMS observe  $H \rightarrow WW^{(*)}$  with  $> 5\sigma$ :**  $9.1\sigma$  ( $6.3\sigma$ ) for the observed after combining all (ggF+VBF) channels in CMS (ATLAS).



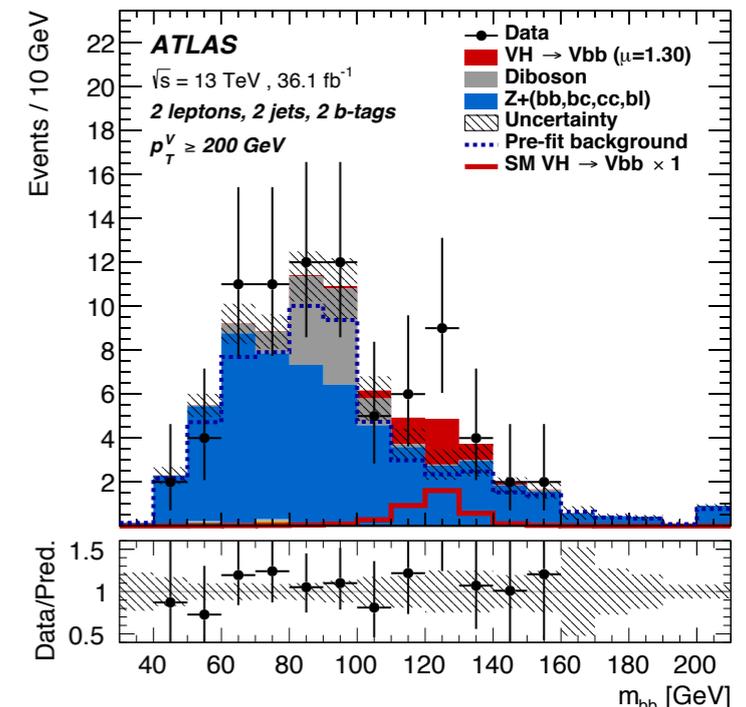
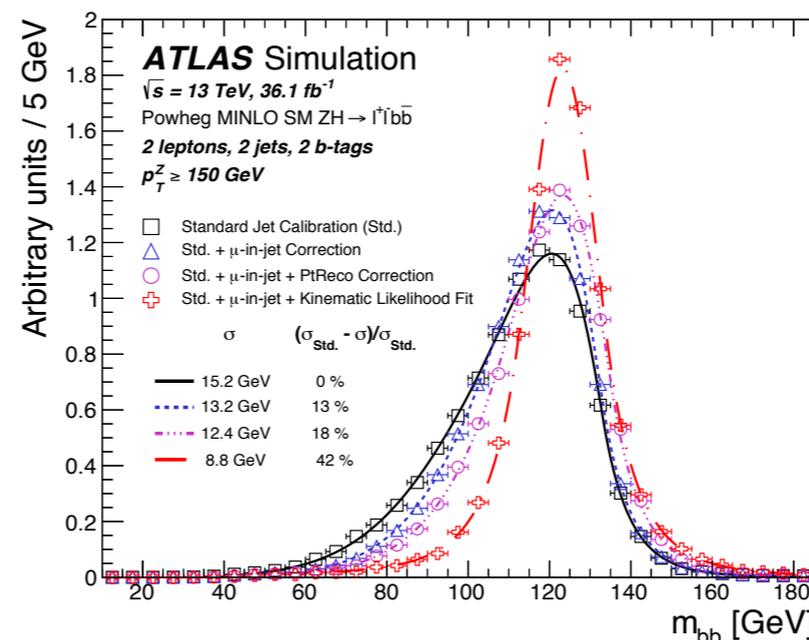
- H(→bb̄) has the largest branching fraction (58%), but is difficult to observe due to the large BG.
- WH, ZH production modes have the highest sensitivity.
- Considered  $m_{bb}$  & various kinematic distributions as inputs to multivariate analyses (boosted decision tree; BDT).

- Dedicated b-jet calibration to improve  $m_{bb}$  resolution.
- Grouped into various categories by the numbers of leptons (& jets for ATLAS) & W/Z  $p_T$ .

*JHEP 12 (2017) 024*



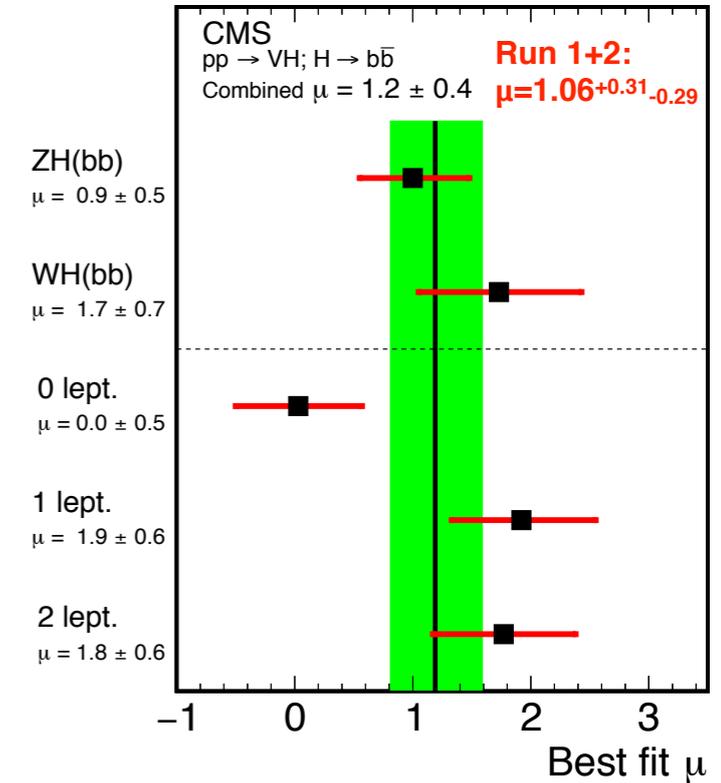
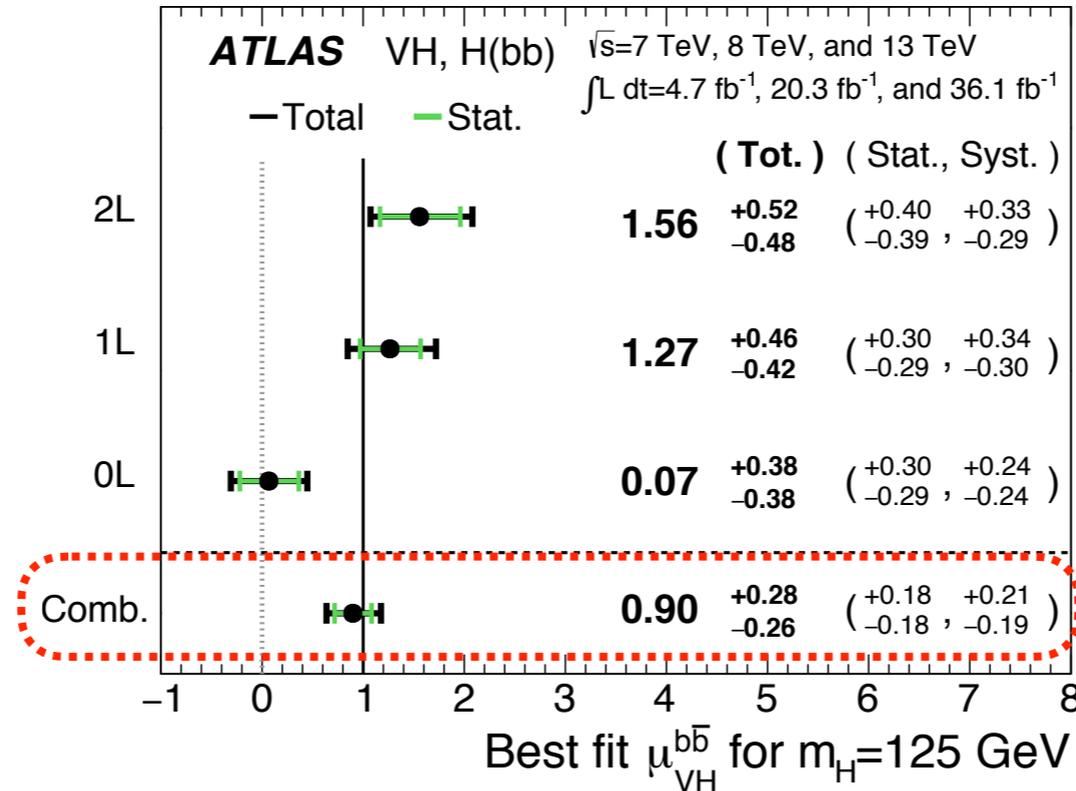
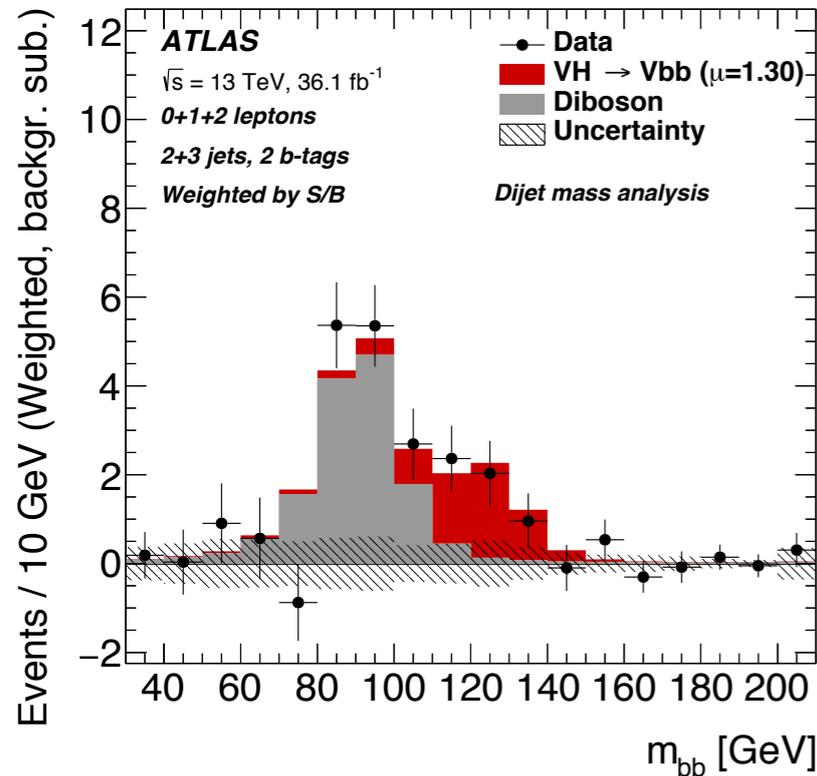
- 0 lepton: Z(→νν)H(→bb̄)
- 1 lepton: W(→ℓν)H(→bb̄)
- 2 leptons: Z(→ℓℓ)H(→bb̄)



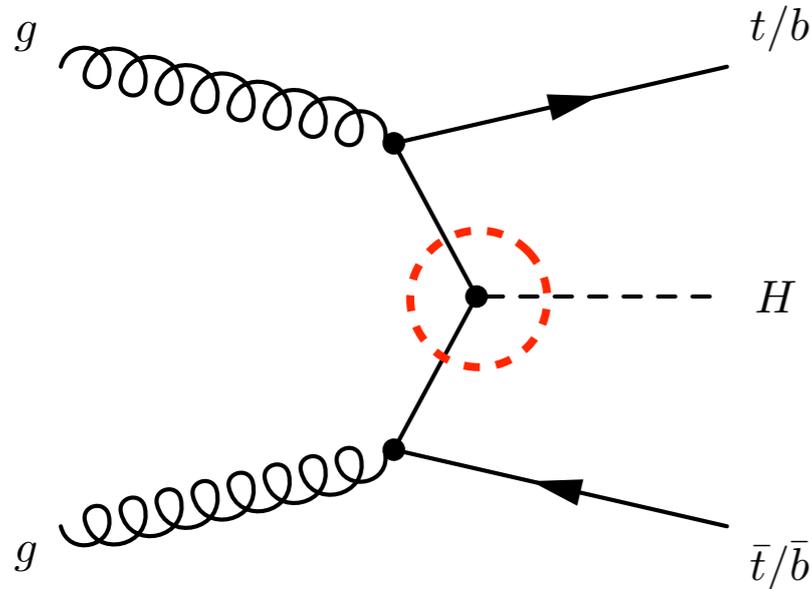
*JHEP 12 (2017) 024*

*PLB 780 (2018) 501*

35.9 fb<sup>-1</sup> (13 TeV)

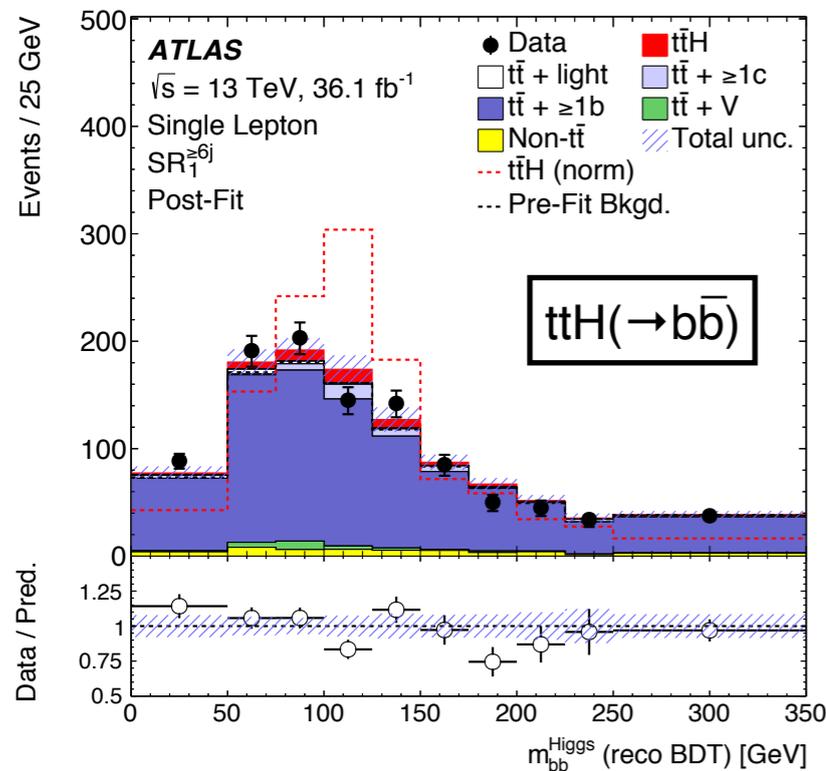


- **Evidence of H(bb̄) by both experiments!**
  - **ATLAS: 3.6σ (4.0σ) [Run 1+2]** for observed (expected)
  - **CMS: 3.8σ (3.8σ) [Run 1+2]** for observed (expected)
- Consistent results with the cut-based analysis in ATLAS (performed as a cross-check).

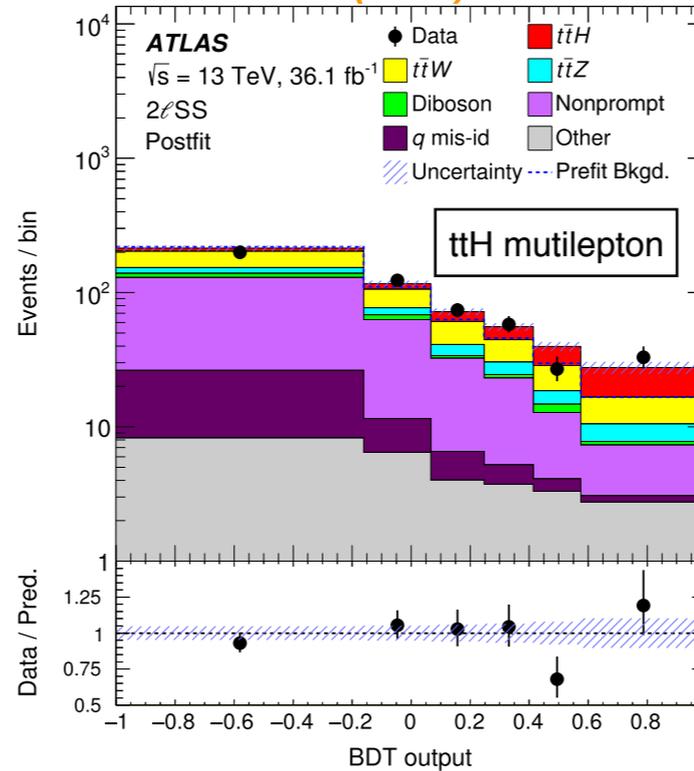


- **The  $t\bar{t}H$  production allows us to directly measure the H-top Yukawa coupling.**
- The following channels are considered in ATLAS & CMS:
  - $t\bar{t}H(\rightarrow b\bar{b})$ : with 1, 2 leptons (also all had. for CMS)
  - $t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{multilepton} + X$ : 2 same-sign, 3, 4 leptons w/ or w/o  $T_{had}$ .
  - $t\bar{t}H(\rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ : several categories with 0/1-lepton & jets/b-jets.

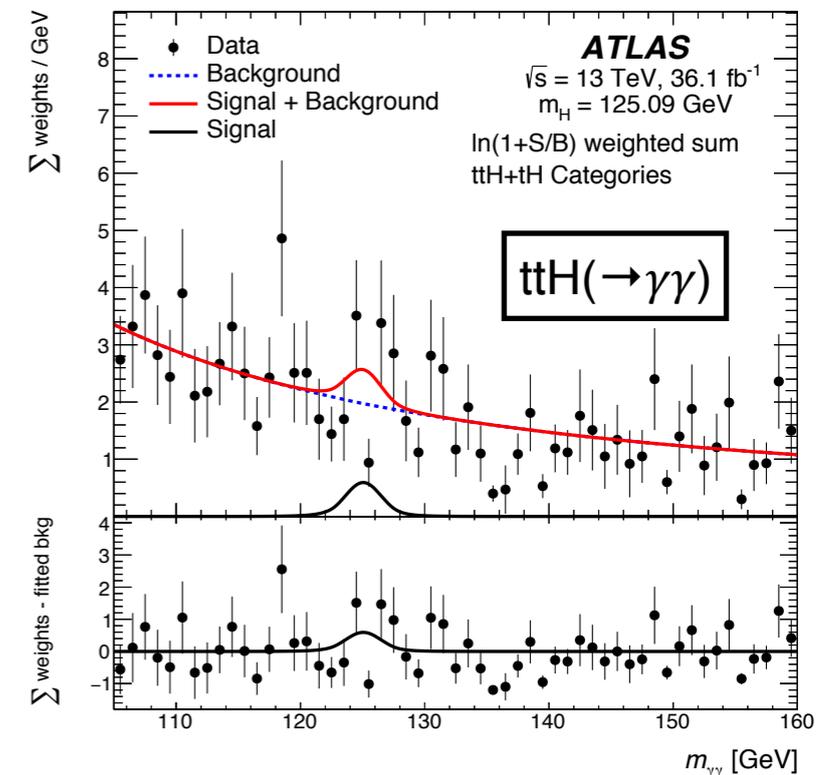
PRD 97 (2018) 072016



PRD 97 (2018) 072003

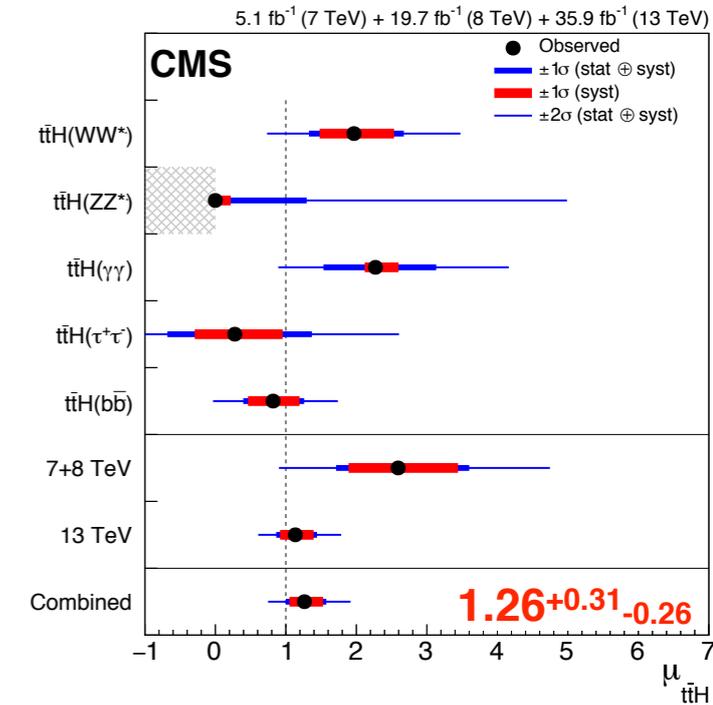
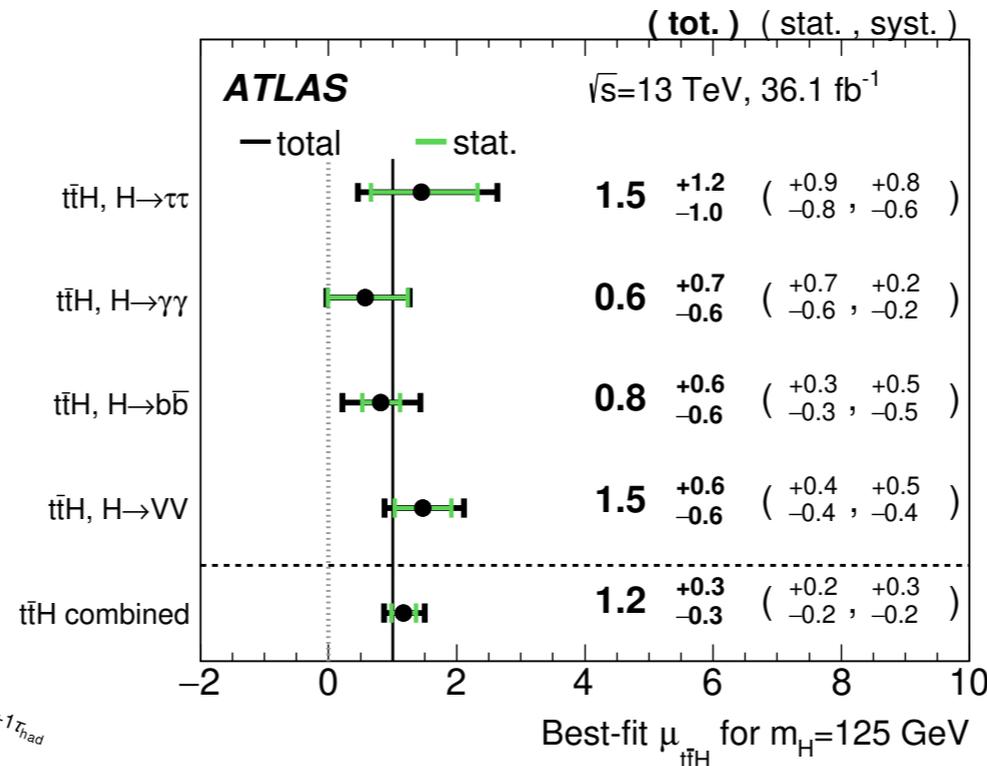
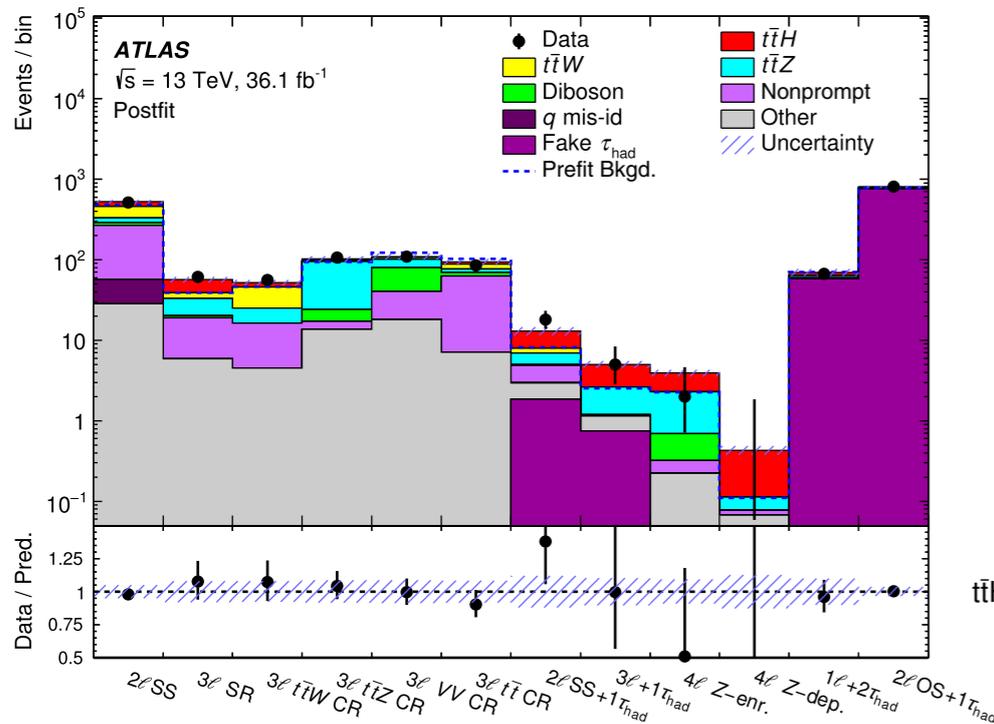


arXiv:1802.04146

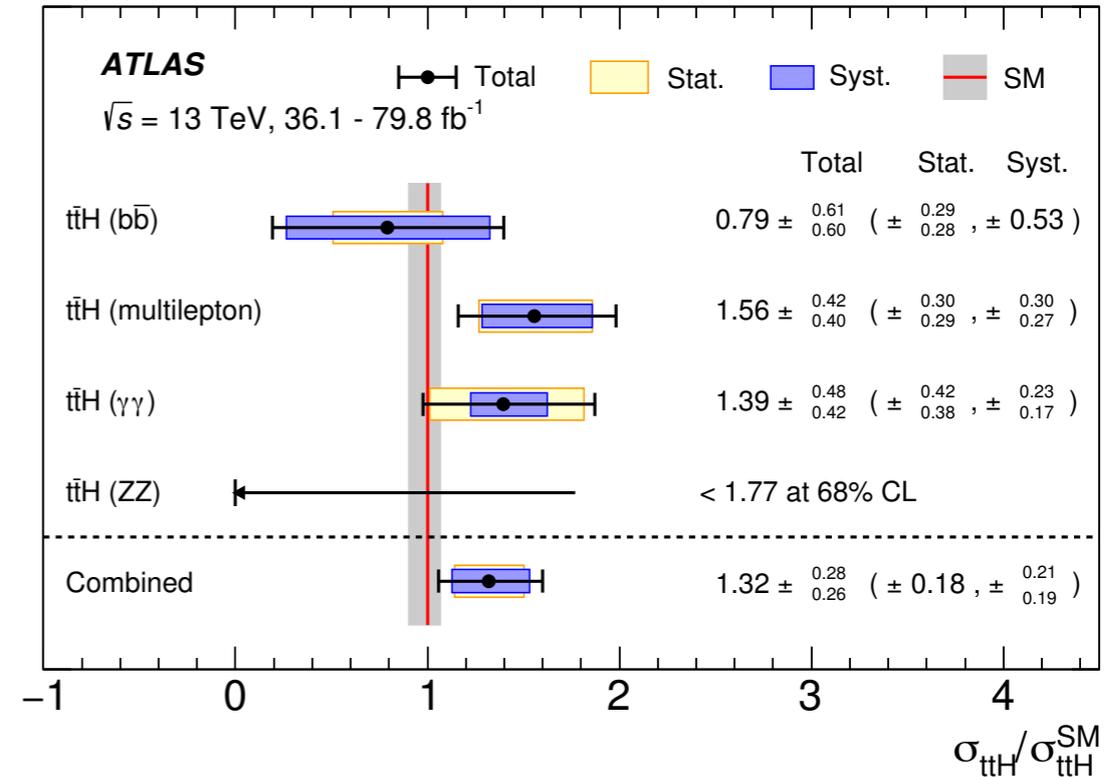
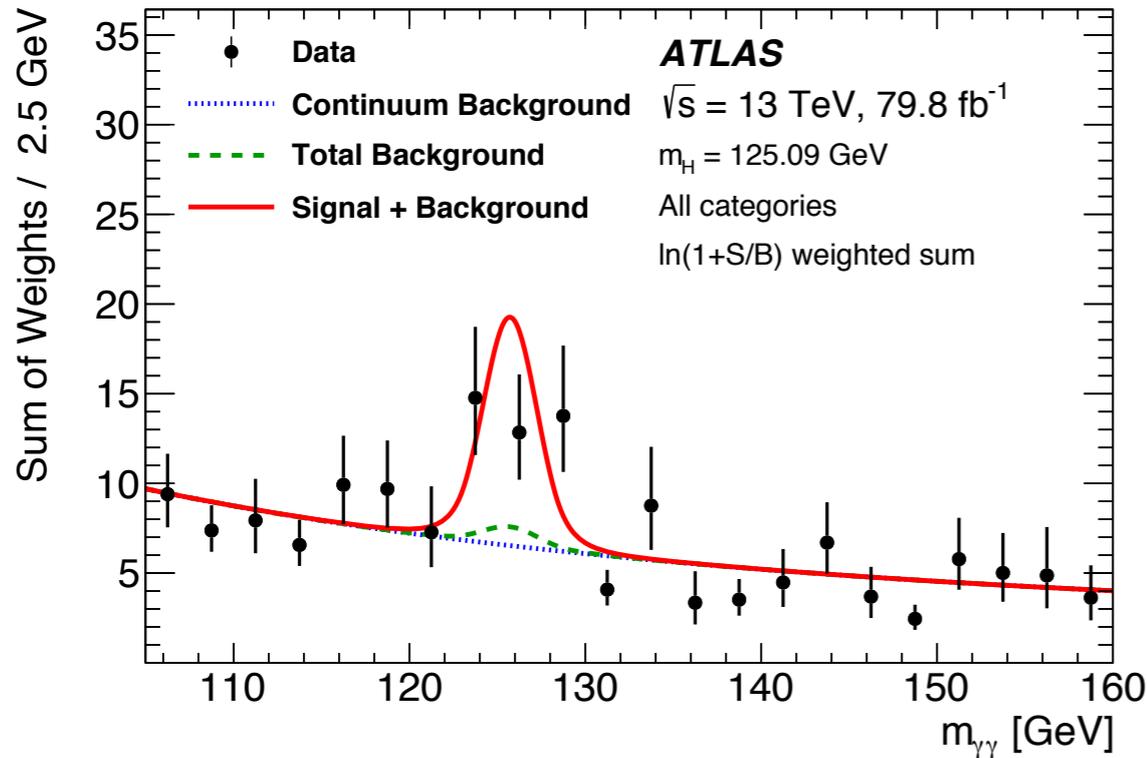


PRD 97 (2018) 072003

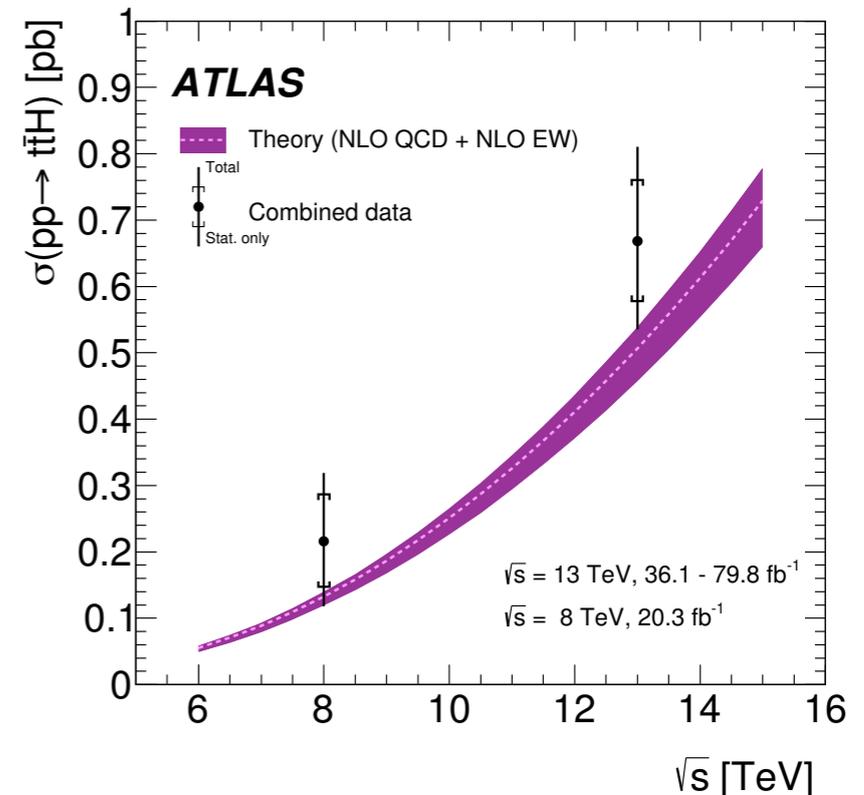
arXiv:1804.02610



- Both ATLAS & CMS see evidence of tt̄H production with Run 2 data.  
**With Run 1+2 combination by CMS, the production is fully observed:**
  - **ATLAS Run 2 : 4.2σ observed (3.8σ expected)**
  - **CMS Run 1+2 : 5.2σ observed (4.2σ expected).**
- **Signal strength of μ<sub>tt̄H</sub>=2 is now excluded at 95% CL by both ATLAS and CMS.**



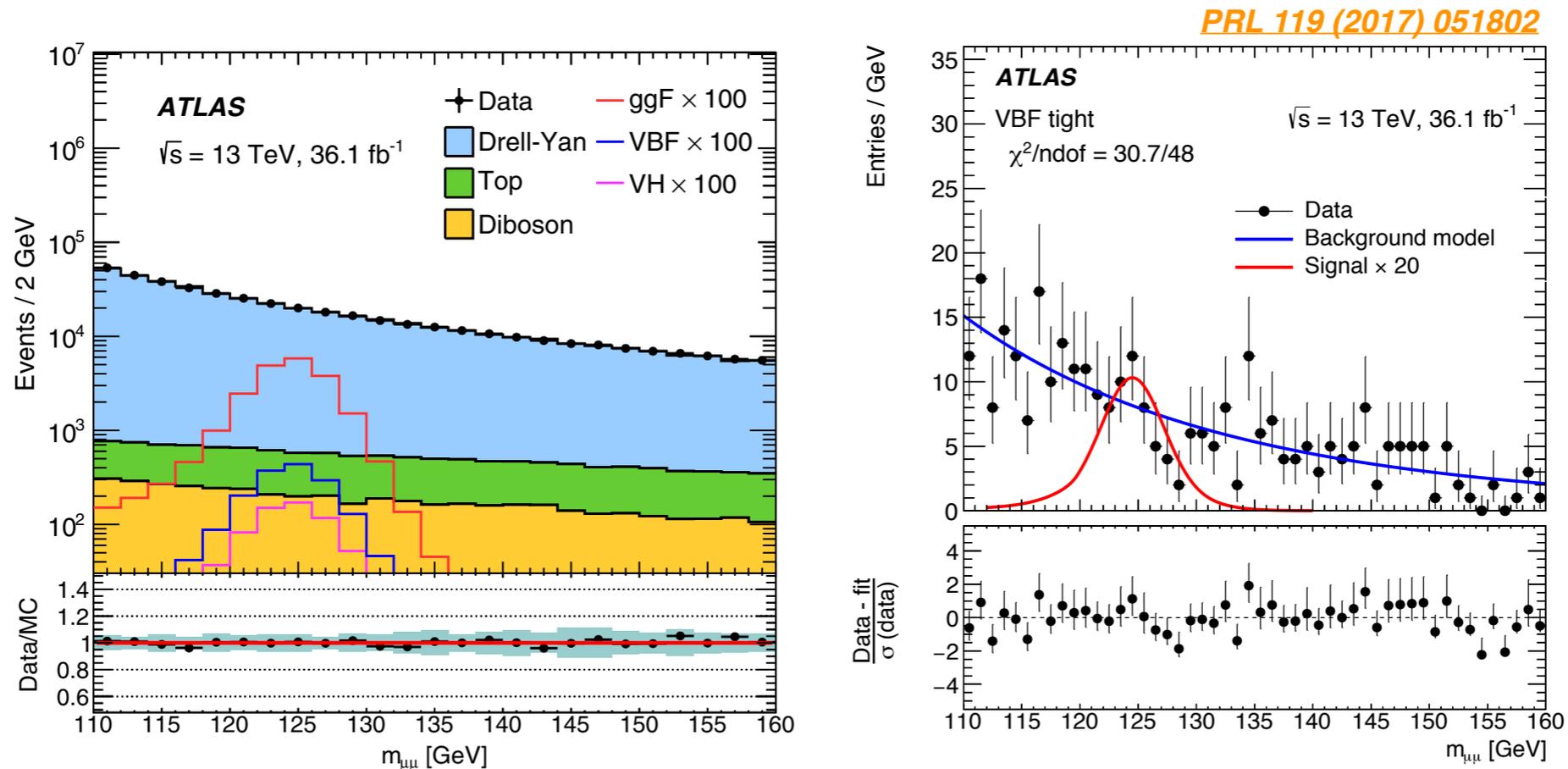
- **With Run 1 & 2017 data (for  $\gamma\gamma$  &  $ZZ^{(*)} \rightarrow 4\ell$ ) added, ATLAS also observes the tt̄H production:**
  - **6.3σ observed (5.1σ expected)**
- Signal strength/cross section consistent with the Standard Model prediction.





- $\Gamma_H \lesssim 3 \Gamma_H^{\text{SM}}$  still allows for sizable contributions from BSM decays.
- Searches for rare Higgs decays is a probe for new physics, i.e. in enhancement of expected decays or in new decay modes (invisible, LFV, new bosons, etc.).
- Rare decays searched at the LHC:
  - Loop diagram:  $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$
  - 1<sup>st</sup> generation couplings:  $H \rightarrow \rho\gamma, H \rightarrow ee$
  - 2<sup>nd</sup> generation couplings:  $H \rightarrow \phi\gamma, H \rightarrow J/\psi \gamma, H \rightarrow \Upsilon\gamma, \underline{H \rightarrow cc}, \underline{H \rightarrow \mu\mu}$
  - LFV:  $H \rightarrow e\tau, \mu\tau, e\mu; (t \rightarrow qH)$
  - New particles:  $H \rightarrow \text{invisible}$ ,  $H \rightarrow aa$  (a: new (pseudo)scalar),  $H \rightarrow ZZ_d, Z_d Z_d \rightarrow 4\ell$  ( $Z_d$ : new vector boson),  $H \rightarrow f_{d2} f_{d2} \rightarrow \text{lepton-jets} + X$  ( $f_{d2}$ : hidden fermion)

*Will mention in the next slides*

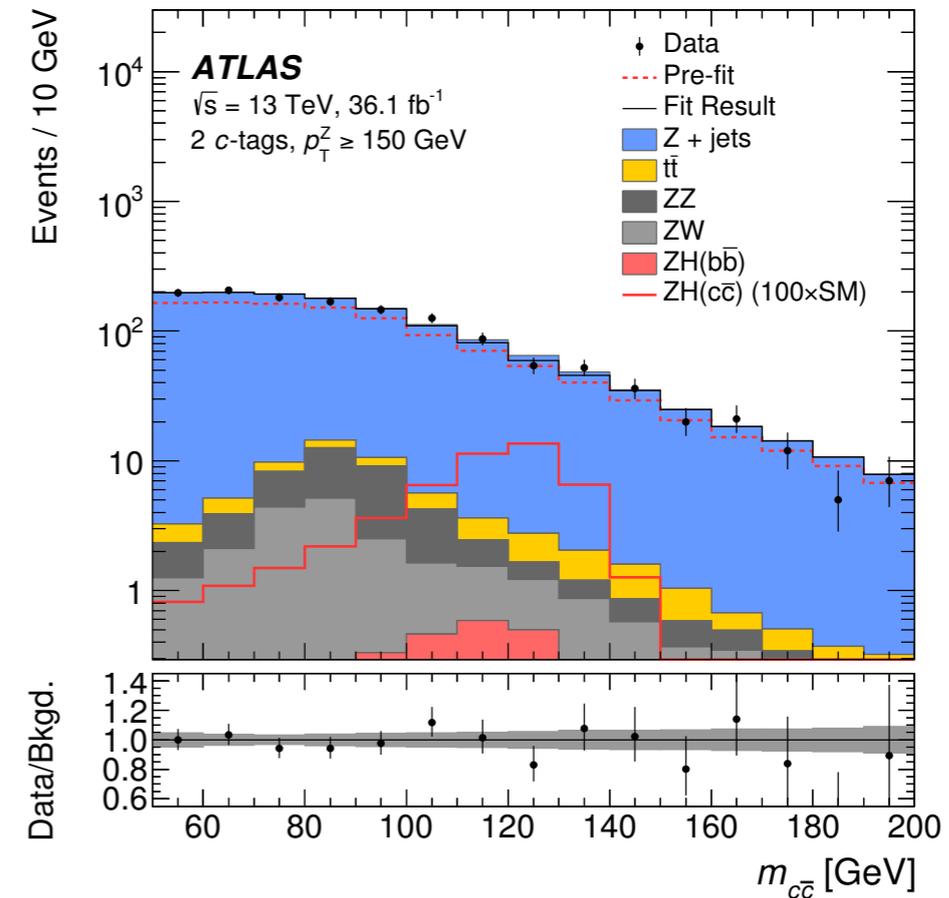
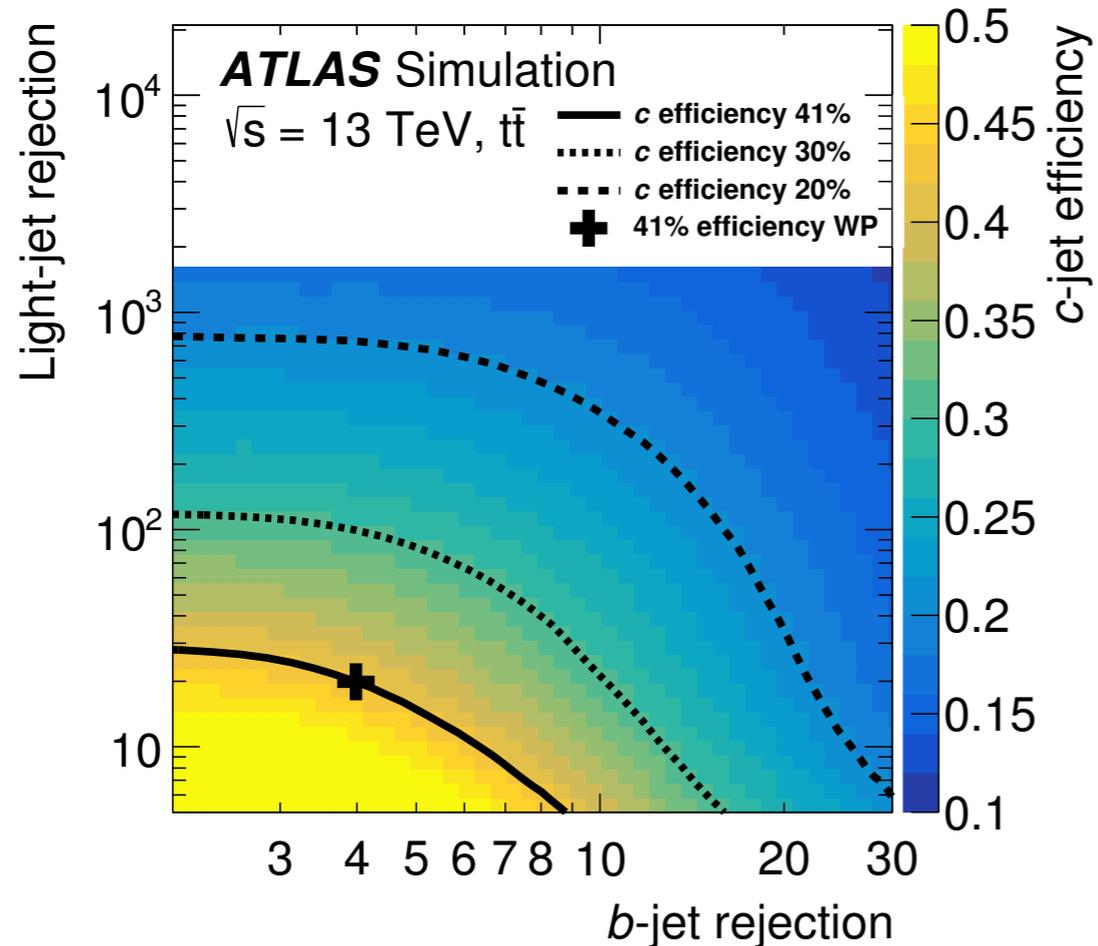


- $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) = 2.2 \times 10^{-4}$  from SM. **Best sensitivity to the 2<sup>nd</sup> generation Yukawa couplings.**
- BDT is considered with various muon & jet kinematic variables uncorrelated to  $m_{\mu\mu}$ . The events are categorized based on the BDT scores &  $m_{\mu\mu}$  resolution (i.e. muon directions).
- **$\text{BR}(H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) / \text{BR}_{\text{SM}}(H \rightarrow \mu^+\mu^-) < 2.8$  obs (2.9 exp)** for ATLAS & **2.64 obs (1.89 exp)** for CMS @95% CL with Run 1+Run 2 combined dataset.
- **Best fit signal strength:  $-0.1 \pm 1.4$  (ATLAS),  $0.9^{+1.0}_{-0.9}$  (CMS).** Uncertainty is statistically dominated.

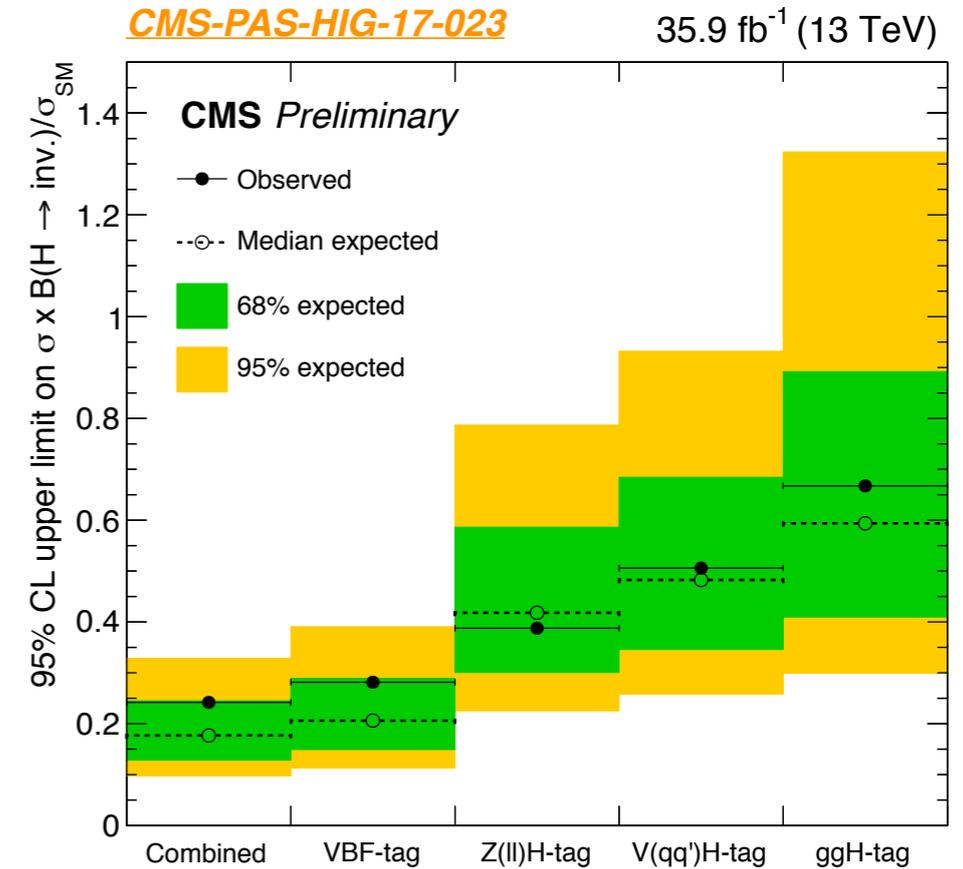
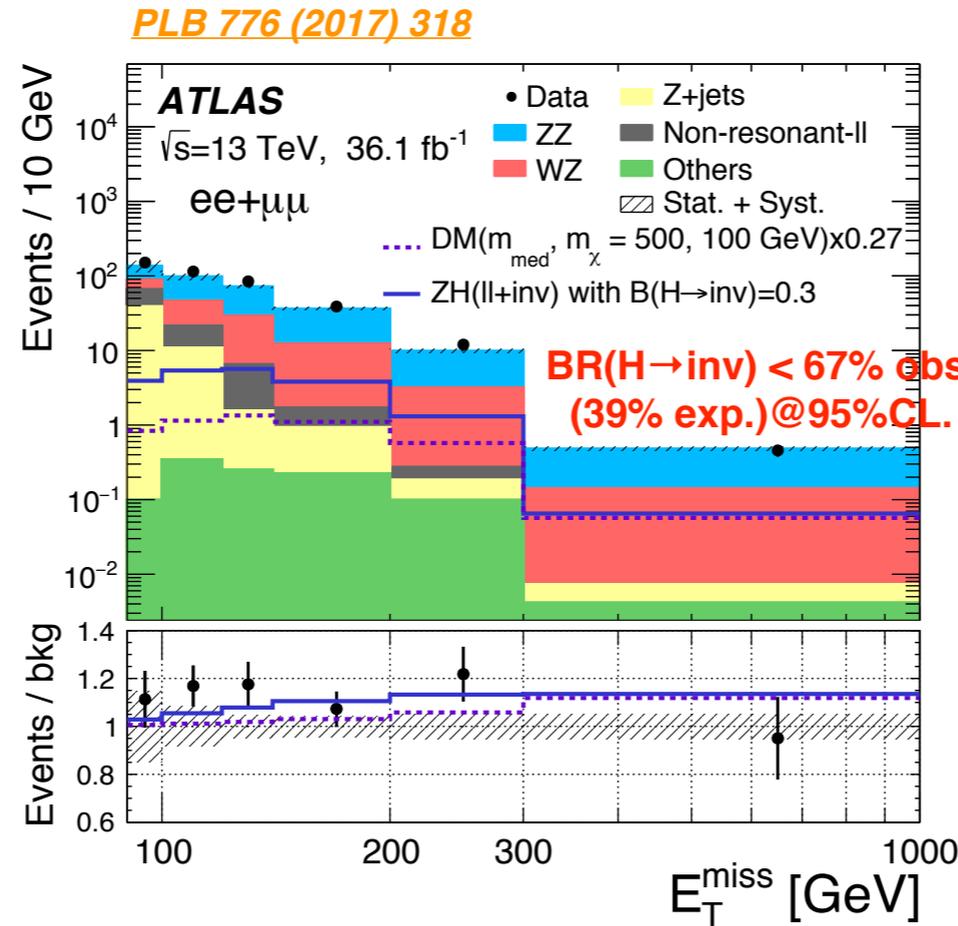
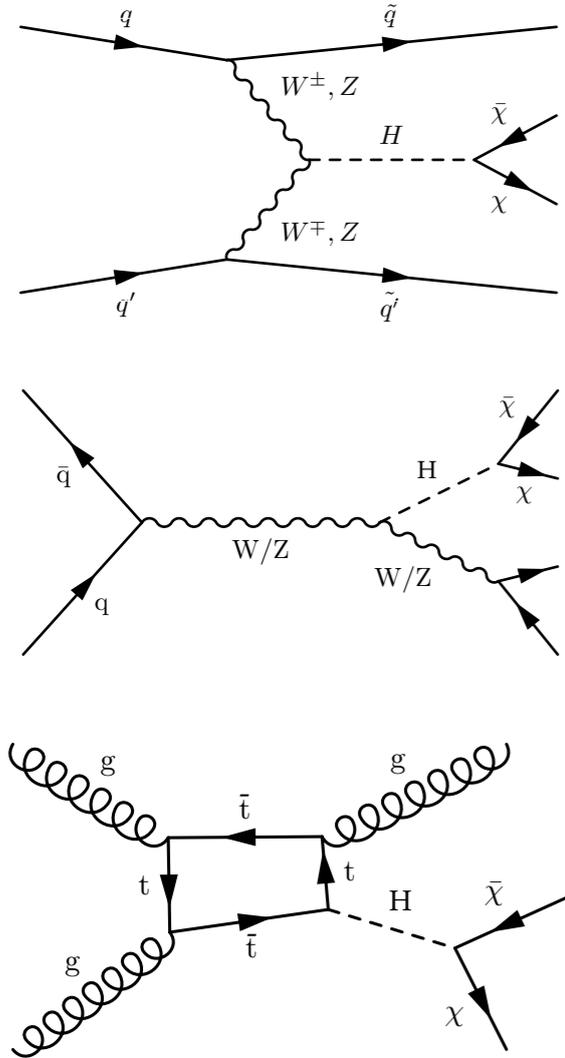
# $Z(\ell^+\ell^-)H(c\bar{c})$



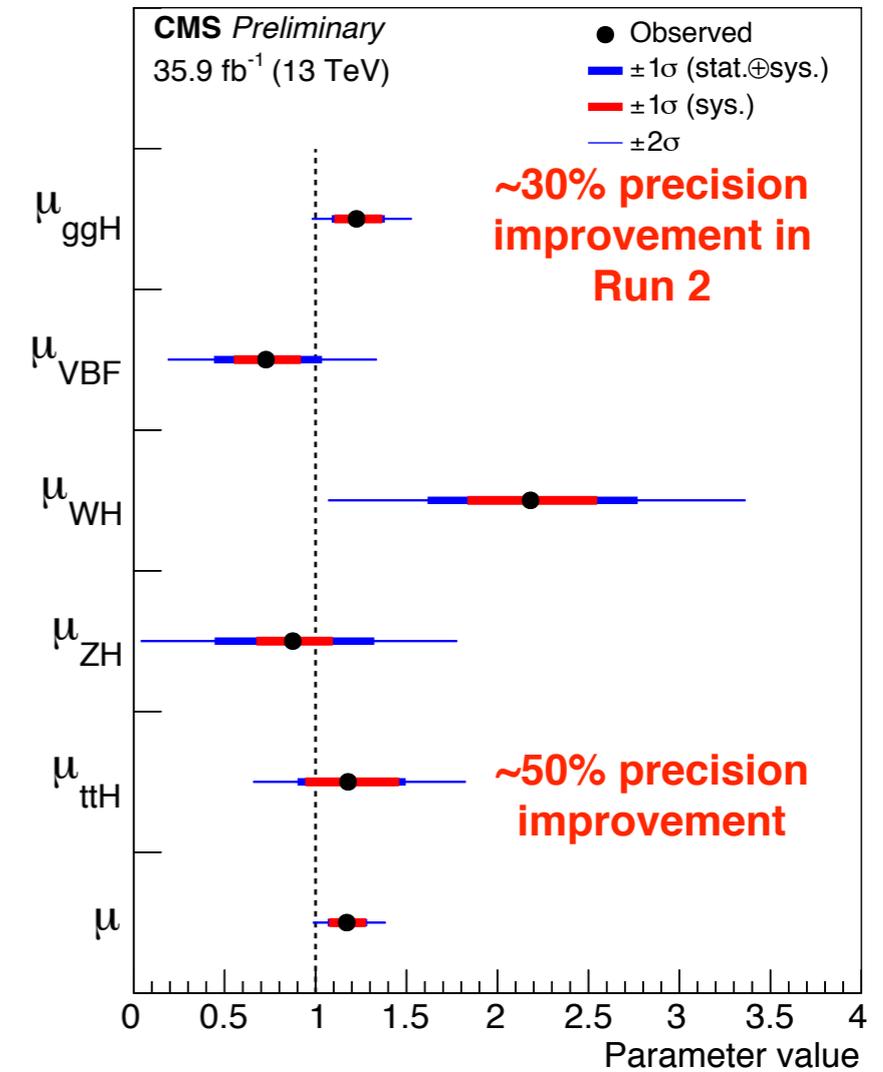
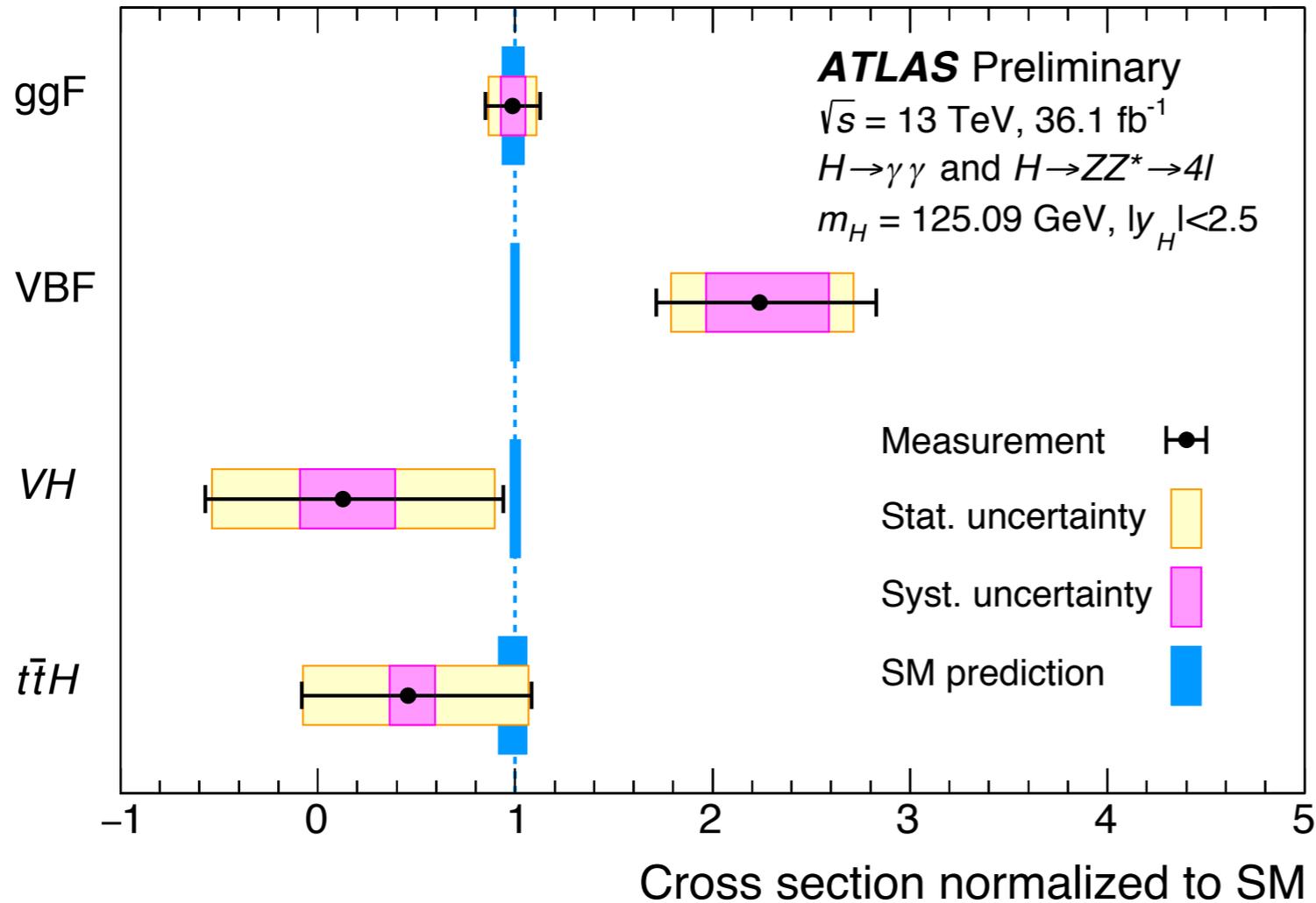
arXiv:1802.04329



- $\text{BR}(H \rightarrow c\bar{c}) = 2.9\%$  from SM. Charm coupling was previously searched with  $J/\psi \gamma$  channel in Run 1.
- **An approach to search for the coupling with  $c$ -tagging has been newly considered by ATLAS in Run 2.**
- $\sigma_{ZH} \times \text{BR}(H \rightarrow c\bar{c}) < 2.7 \text{ (3.9) [pb]}$ ; 110 (150) times the SM expectation for obs. (exp.) @95% CL.



- Invisible decays of the Higgs boson are expected from various BSM models, especially in relation to the dark matter. Searches are pursued with a Higgs recoiling against visible particles.
- For all the channels, the expected sensitivity has surpassed that of Run 1.
- **CMS Combination provides BR(H→inv) < 24% [obs], 18% [exp]@95% CL.**

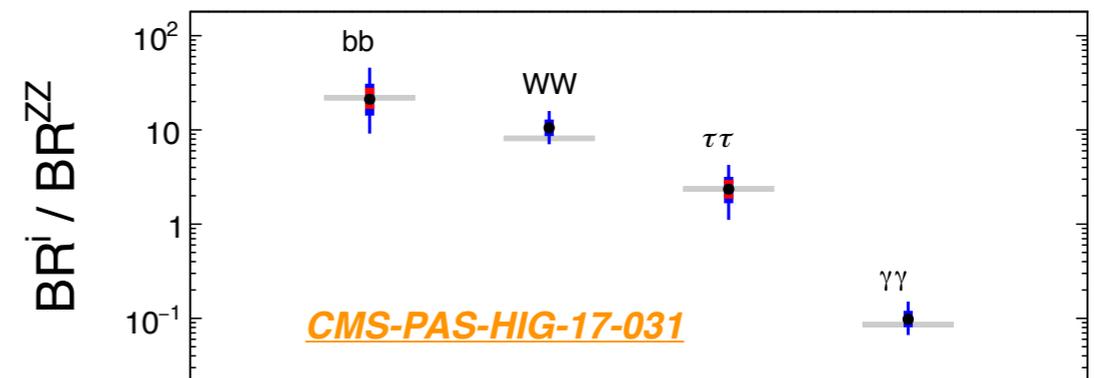
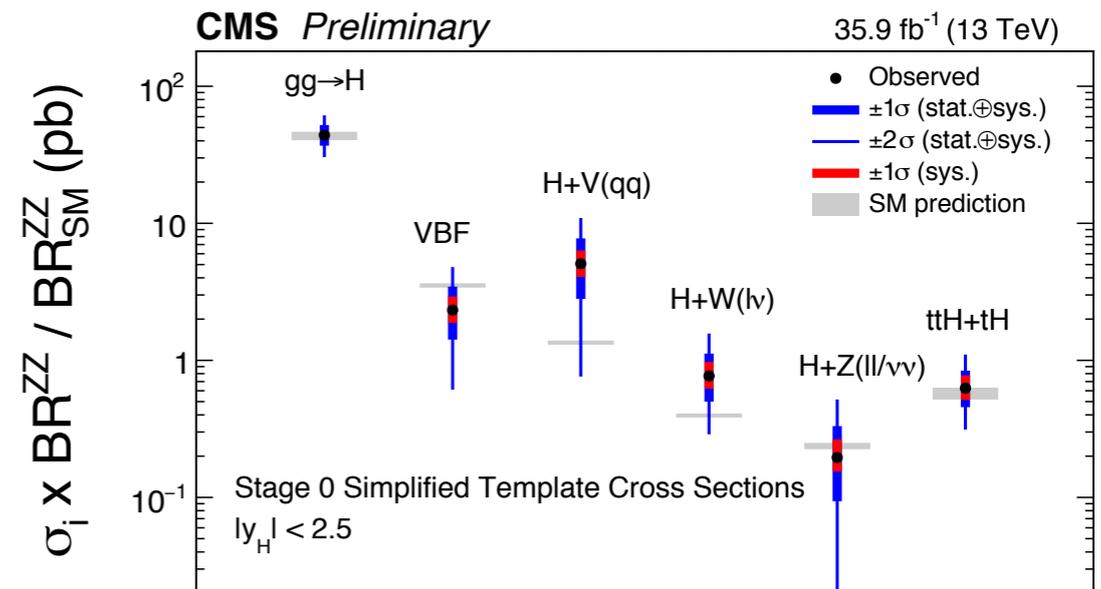
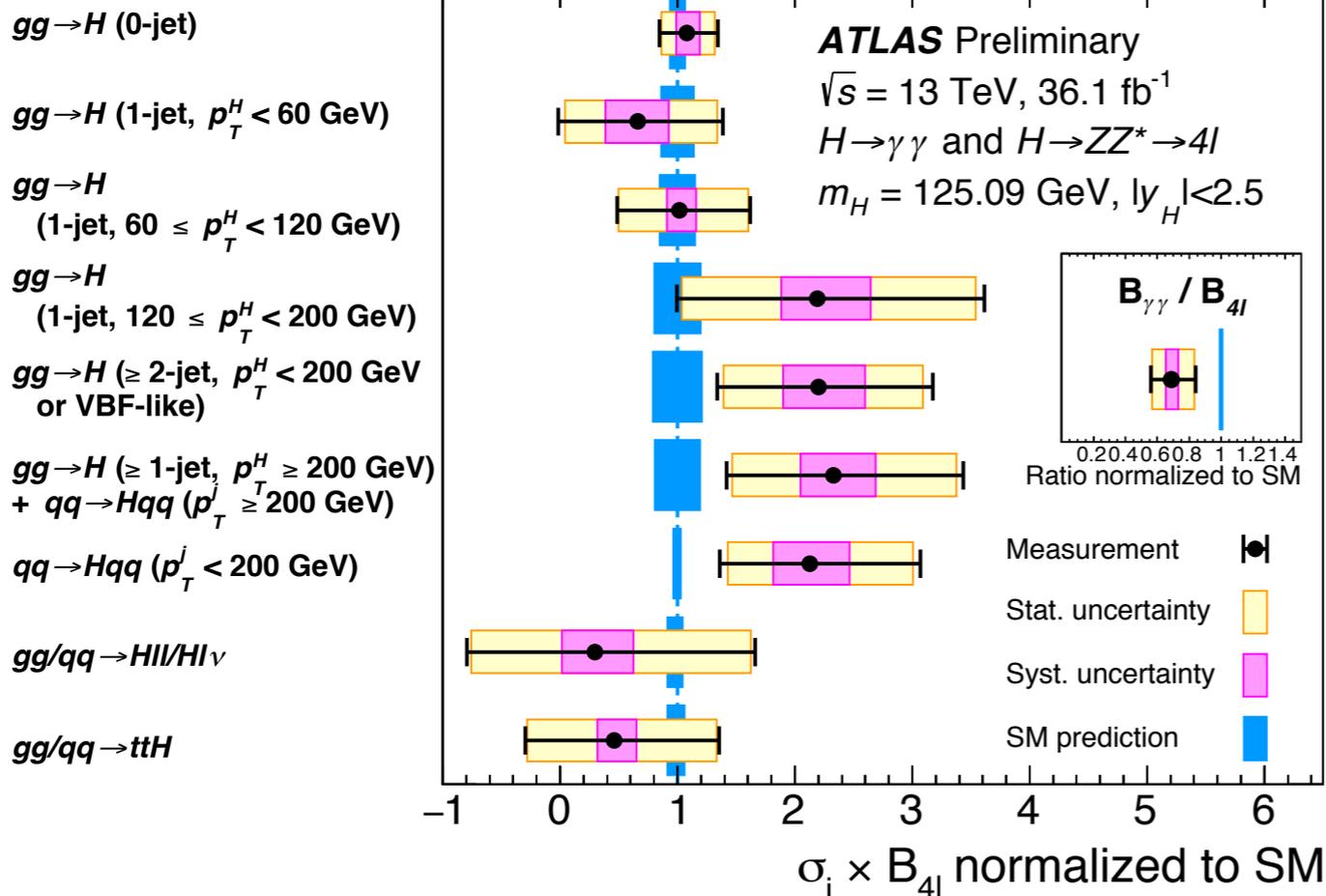


- Visible improvement in sensitivity for ggH & ttH.
- Precision from first 36 fb<sup>-1</sup> from a single experiment matches Run 1 ATLAS+CMS for various couplings.

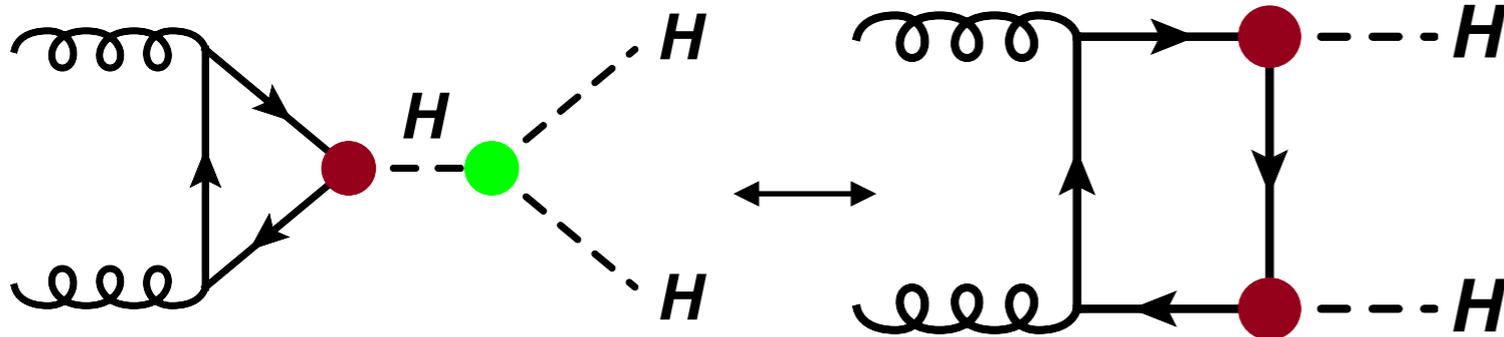


- Simplified template cross sections (STXS) aimed to balance experimental precision & theory uncertainties. Less model independent than Run 1 approach.
  - Very simple fiducial regions for each production mode & common between ATLAS, CMS, and theory.

ATLAS-CONF-2017-047



# Di-Higgs



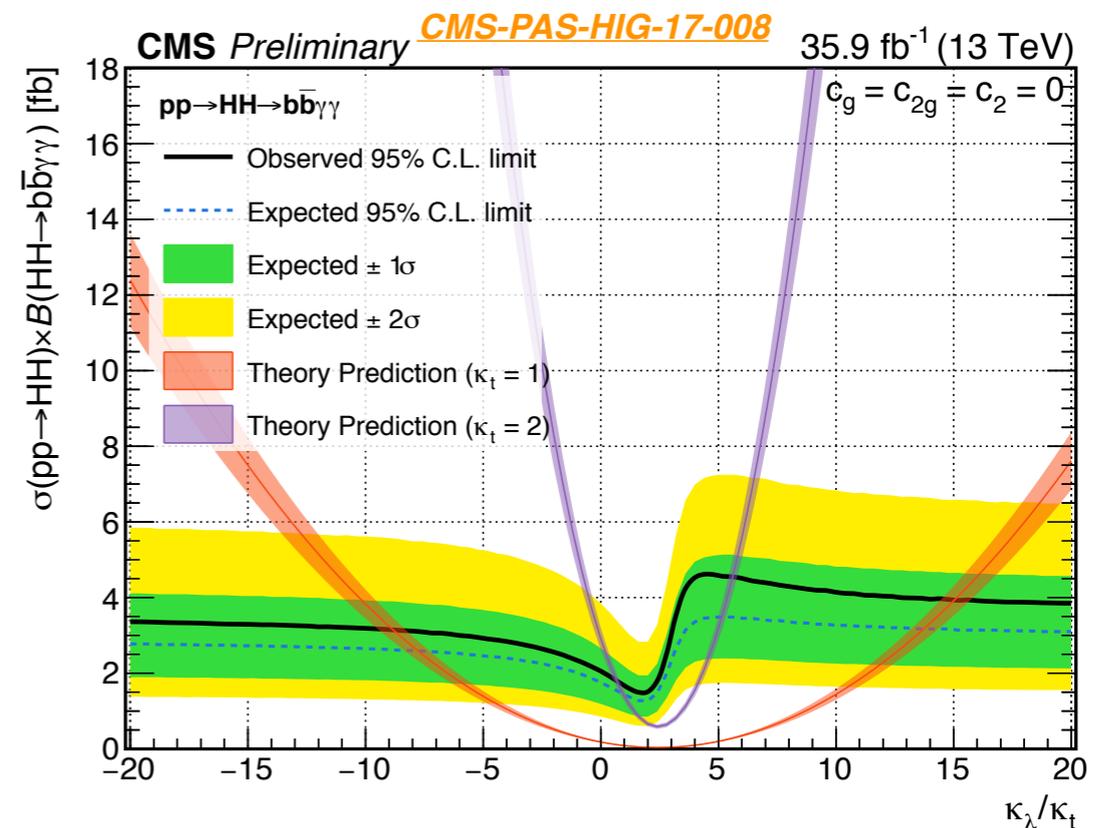
Destructive Interference

- Di-Higgs production searches are pursued at the LHC, mostly in the context of new resonance searches.
- Best constraint on  $\sigma_{HH}/\sigma_{HH}^{SM}$  ( $<13$ ) at 95% CL from  $HH \rightarrow 4b$  ([arXiv:1804.06174](https://arxiv.org/abs/1804.06174)).

- Best constraint on self-coupling from  $HH \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$  channel:  $-8.82 < \kappa_\lambda < 15.04$  at 95% CL.

Channels	95% CL limits on $\sigma_{HH}/\sigma_{HH}^{SM}$ [obs (exp)]	
	ATLAS	CMS
<b>4b</b>	<b><math>&lt; 13</math> (21)</b>	$< 342$ (308)
bbWW	—	$< 79$ (89)
bb $\tau\tau$	$< 160$ (130) [Run1]	$< 30$ (25)
<b>bb<math>\gamma\gamma</math></b>	$< 117$ (161)	<b><math>&lt; 19</math> (17)</b>
$\gamma\gamma WW$	$< 747$ (386)	—

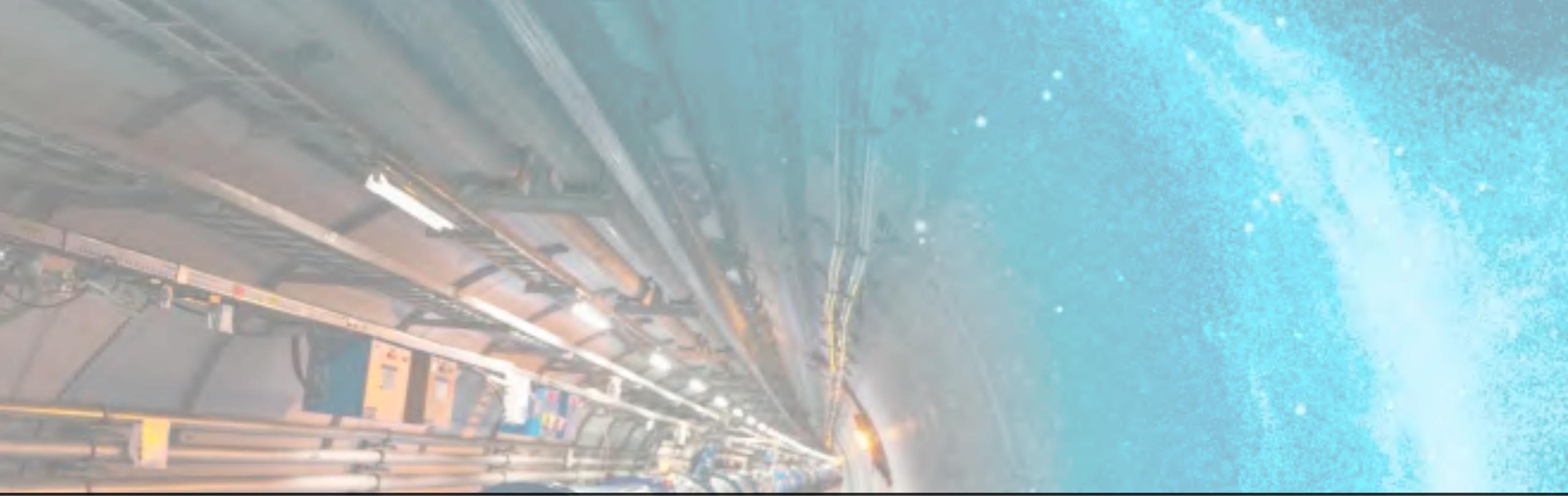
Run-2:  $3 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,  $13 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ ,  $36 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



# Summary



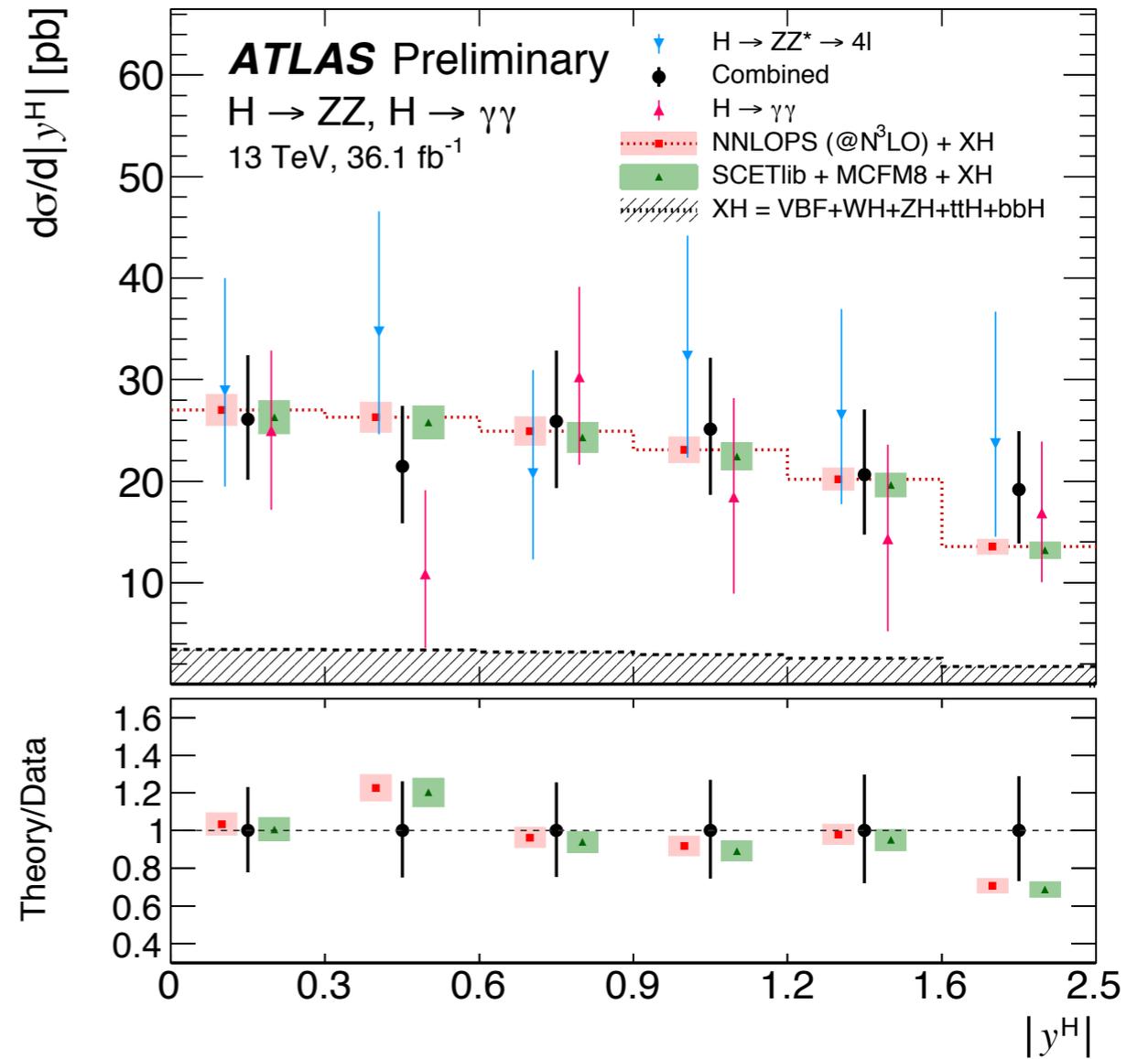
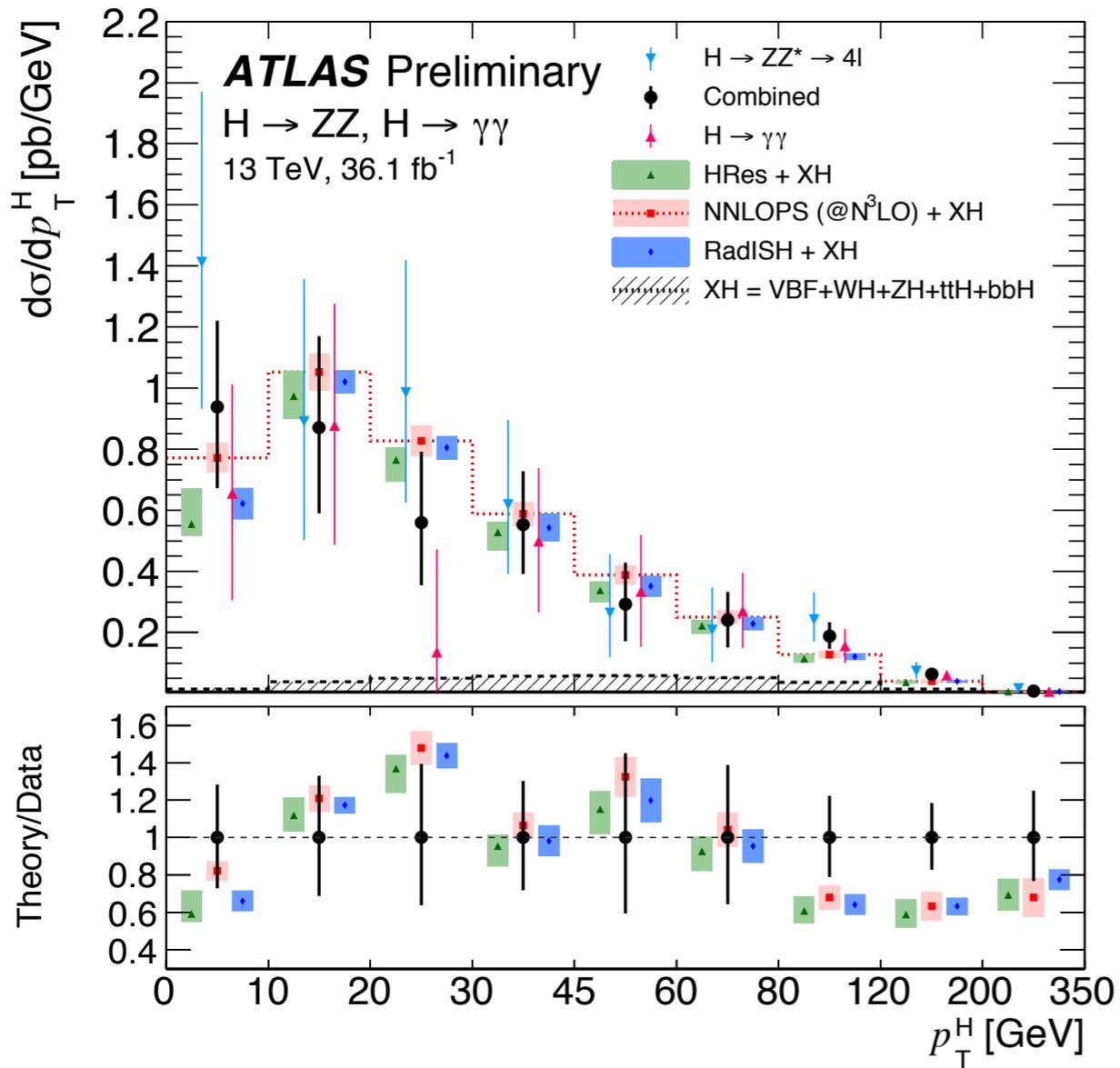
- Discovery of a Higgs boson is a dawn of a new era, where a totally rich program has opened up to be investigated and to be understood.
- Many achievements in Run 2 beyond the Higgs discovery:
  - More details & improved precision in cross section & coupling measurements
  - Single-experiment observation of  $H \rightarrow \tau^+ \tau^-$ .
  - Evidence of  $H \rightarrow b \bar{b}$
  - Observation of  $t \bar{t} H$  production
  - Uncertainty on the signal strength of  $H \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$  is reaching 100%
  - More stringent constraints on various BSM phenomena.
- More to come with the full Run 2 data to be taken until the end of this year.
- Run 3 & HL-LHC will provide various measurements of the Higgs boson w/ even higher precision & sensitivity to various rare processes (both SM & BSM).



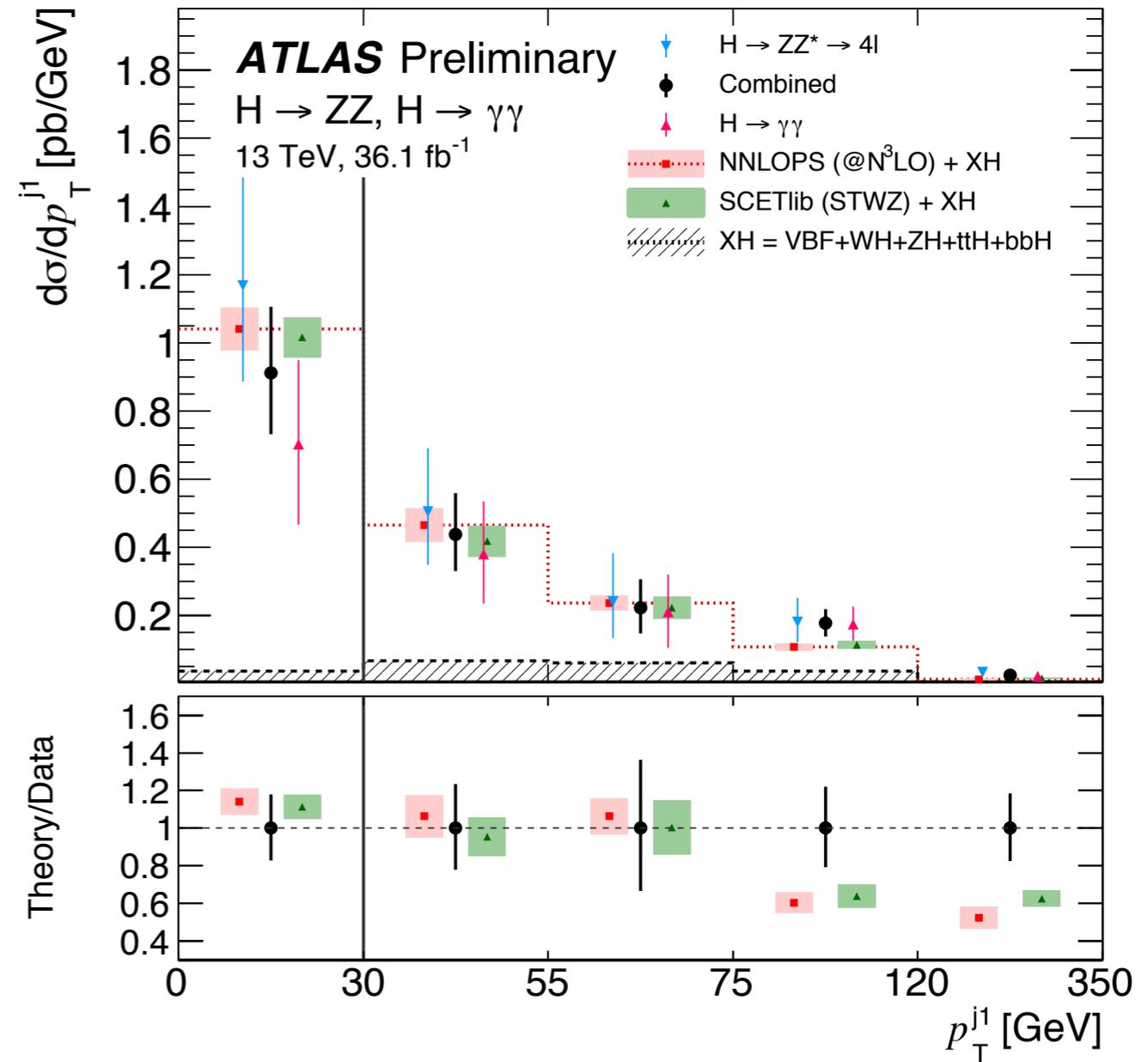
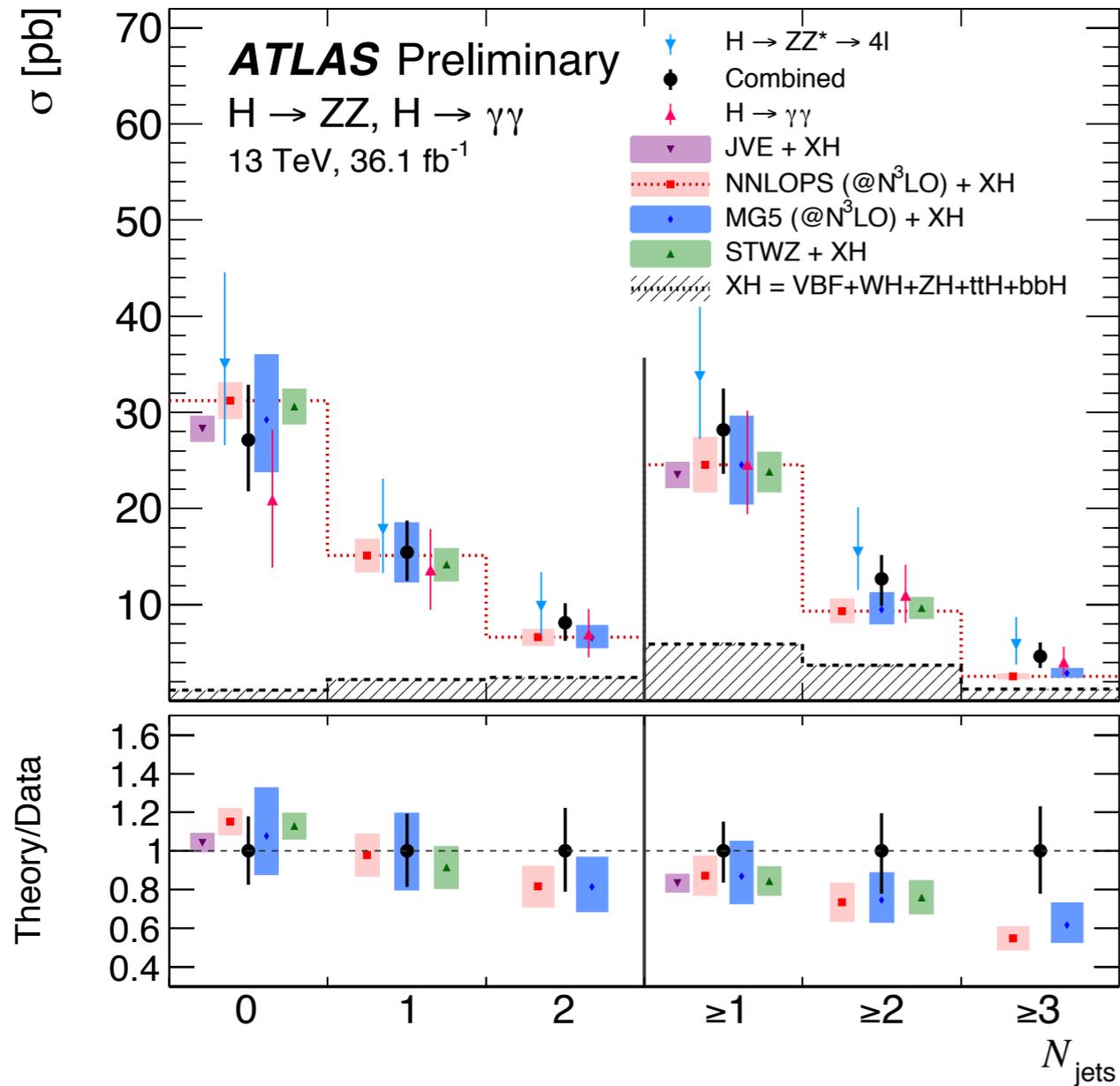
**backup**



# H → $\gamma\gamma$ & 4 $\ell$ Differential



# H → $\gamma\gamma$ & 4 $\ell$ Differential



## Run 1 (ATLAS+CMS)

Parameter	ATLAS+CMS Measured	ATLAS+CMS Expected uncertainty	ATLAS Measured	CMS Measured
$\kappa_Z$	1.00 [-1.05, -0.86] $\cup$ [0.90, 1.11]	[-1.00, -0.88] $\cup$ [0.90, 1.10]	0.98 [-1.07, -0.83] $\cup$ [0.84, 1.12]	1.03 [-1.11, -0.83] $\cup$ [0.87, 1.19]
$\kappa_W$	0.91 <sup>+0.10</sup> <sub>-0.12</sub>	+0.10 -0.11	0.91 <sup>+0.12</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	0.92 <sup>+0.14</sup> <sub>-0.17</sub>
$\kappa_t$	0.87 <sup>+0.15</sup> <sub>-0.15</sub>	+0.15 -0.18	0.98 <sup>+0.21</sup> <sub>-0.20</sub>	0.77 <sup>+0.20</sup> <sub>-0.18</sub>
$ \kappa_\tau $	0.90 <sup>+0.14</sup> <sub>-0.16</sub>	+0.15 -0.14	0.99 <sup>+0.20</sup> <sub>-0.20</sub>	0.83 <sup>+0.20</sup> <sub>-0.21</sub>
$\kappa_b$	0.67 [-0.73, -0.47] $\cup$ [0.40, 0.89]	[-1.24, -0.76] $\cup$ [0.74, 1.24]	0.64 [-0.89, -0.33] $\cup$ [0.30, 0.94]	0.71 [-0.91, -0.40] $\cup$ [0.35, 1.04]
$ \kappa_\mu $	0.2 <sup>+1.2</sup>	+0.9	0.0 <sup>+1.4</sup>	0.5 <sup>+1.4</sup>

## Run 2 (CMS)

Parameter	BR <sub>inv.</sub> = 0		
	Best fit	Uncertainty	
		Stat.	Syst.
$\kappa_Z$	0.99 <sup>+0.11</sup> <sub>-0.11</sub> (+0.11) (-0.11)	+0.09 -0.09 (+0.09) (-0.09)	+0.06 -0.06 (+0.06) (-0.06)
$\kappa_W$	1.12 <sup>+0.13</sup> <sub>-0.19</sub> (+0.12) (-0.12)	+0.10 -0.18 (+0.09) (-0.09)	+0.08 -0.07 (+0.07) (-0.07)
$\kappa_t$	1.09 <sup>+0.14</sup> <sub>-0.14</sub> (+0.14) (-0.15)	+0.08 -0.08 (+0.08) (-0.09)	+0.12 -0.12 (+0.12) (-0.12)
$\kappa_\tau$	1.01 <sup>+0.17</sup> <sub>-0.18</sub> (+0.16) (-0.15)	+0.11 -0.15 (+0.11) (-0.11)	+0.12 -0.09 (+0.11) (-0.11)
$\kappa_b$	1.10 <sup>+0.27</sup> <sub>-0.33</sub> (+0.25) (-0.23)	+0.19 -0.30 (+0.19) (-0.17)	+0.19 -0.14 (+0.17) (-0.15)
$\kappa_g$	1.14 <sup>+0.15</sup> <sub>-0.13</sub> (+0.14) (-0.12)	+0.10 -0.09 (+0.10) (-0.09)	+0.11 -0.09 (+0.10) (-0.09)
$\kappa_\gamma$	1.07 <sup>+0.15</sup> <sub>-0.18</sub> (+0.12) (-0.12)	+0.10 -0.17 (+0.10) (-0.10)	+0.11 -0.07 (+0.07) (-0.07)

# Combination



## Run 1 (ATLAS+CMS)

Production process	ATLAS+CMS	ATLAS	CMS
$\mu_{ggF}$	1.03 <sup>+0.16</sup> <sub>-0.14</sub> (+0.16) (-0.14)	1.26 <sup>+0.23</sup> <sub>-0.20</sub> (+0.21) (-0.18)	0.84 <sup>+0.18</sup> <sub>-0.16</sub> (+0.20) (-0.17)
$\mu_{VBF}$	1.18 <sup>+0.25</sup> <sub>-0.23</sub> (+0.24) (-0.23)	1.21 <sup>+0.33</sup> <sub>-0.30</sub> (+0.32) (-0.29)	1.14 <sup>+0.37</sup> <sub>-0.34</sub> (+0.36) (-0.34)
$\mu_{WH}$	0.89 <sup>+0.40</sup> <sub>-0.38</sub> (+0.41) (-0.39)	1.25 <sup>+0.56</sup> <sub>-0.52</sub> (+0.56) (-0.53)	0.46 <sup>+0.57</sup> <sub>-0.53</sub> (+0.60) (-0.57)
$\mu_{ZH}$	0.79 <sup>+0.38</sup> <sub>-0.36</sub> (+0.39) (-0.36)	0.30 <sup>+0.51</sup> <sub>-0.45</sub> (+0.55) (-0.51)	1.35 <sup>+0.58</sup> <sub>-0.54</sub> (+0.55) (-0.51)
$\mu_{t\bar{t}H}$	2.3 <sup>+0.7</sup> <sub>-0.6</sub> (+0.5) (-0.5)	1.9 <sup>+0.8</sup> <sub>-0.7</sub> (+0.7) (-0.7)	2.9 <sup>+1.0</sup> <sub>-0.9</sub> (+0.9) (-0.8)

Decay channel	ATLAS+CMS	ATLAS	CMS
$\mu^{\gamma\gamma}$	1.14 <sup>+0.19</sup> <sub>-0.18</sub> (+0.18) (-0.17)	1.14 <sup>+0.27</sup> <sub>-0.25</sub> (+0.26) (-0.24)	1.11 <sup>+0.25</sup> <sub>-0.23</sub> (+0.23) (-0.21)
$\mu^{ZZ}$	1.29 <sup>+0.26</sup> <sub>-0.23</sub> (+0.23) (-0.20)	1.52 <sup>+0.40</sup> <sub>-0.34</sub> (+0.32) (-0.27)	1.04 <sup>+0.32</sup> <sub>-0.26</sub> (+0.30) (-0.25)
$\mu^{WW}$	1.09 <sup>+0.18</sup> <sub>-0.16</sub> (+0.16) (-0.15)	1.22 <sup>+0.23</sup> <sub>-0.21</sub> (+0.21) (-0.20)	0.90 <sup>+0.23</sup> <sub>-0.21</sub> (+0.23) (-0.20)
$\mu^{\tau\tau}$	1.11 <sup>+0.24</sup> <sub>-0.22</sub> (+0.24) (-0.22)	1.41 <sup>+0.40</sup> <sub>-0.36</sub> (+0.37) (-0.33)	0.88 <sup>+0.30</sup> <sub>-0.28</sub> (+0.31) (-0.29)
$\mu^{bb}$	0.70 <sup>+0.29</sup> <sub>-0.27</sub> (+0.29) (-0.28)	0.62 <sup>+0.37</sup> <sub>-0.37</sub> (+0.39) (-0.37)	0.81 <sup>+0.45</sup> <sub>-0.43</sub> (+0.45) (-0.43)
$\mu^{\mu\mu}$	0.1 <sup>+2.5</sup> <sub>-2.5</sub> (+2.4) (-2.3)	-0.6 <sup>+3.6</sup> <sub>-3.6</sub> (+3.6) (-3.6)	0.9 <sup>+3.6</sup> <sub>-3.5</sub> (+3.3) (-3.2)

## Run 2 (CMS)

Production process																																		
ggH			VBF				WH			ZH			ttH																					
Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty																					
	Stat.	Syst.		Stat.	Syst.		Stat.	Syst.		Stat.	Syst.		Stat.	Syst.																				
1.23	+0.14	+0.08	+0.12	-0.13	-0.08	-0.10	0.73	+0.30	+0.24	+0.17	-0.27	-0.23	-0.15	2.18	+0.58	+0.46	+0.34	-0.55	-0.45	-0.32	0.87	+0.44	+0.39	+0.20	-0.42	-0.38	-0.18	1.18	+0.31	+0.16	+0.26	-0.27	-0.16	-0.21
	(+0.11)	(+0.07)	(+0.09)	(-0.11)	(-0.07)	(-0.08)		(+0.29)	(+0.24)	(+0.16)	(-0.27)	(-0.23)	(-0.15)		(+0.53)	(+0.43)	(+0.30)	(-0.51)	(-0.42)	(-0.29)		(+0.42)	(+0.38)	(+0.19)	(-0.40)	(-0.37)	(-0.17)		(+0.28)	(+0.16)	(+0.23)	(-0.25)	(-0.16)	(-0.20)

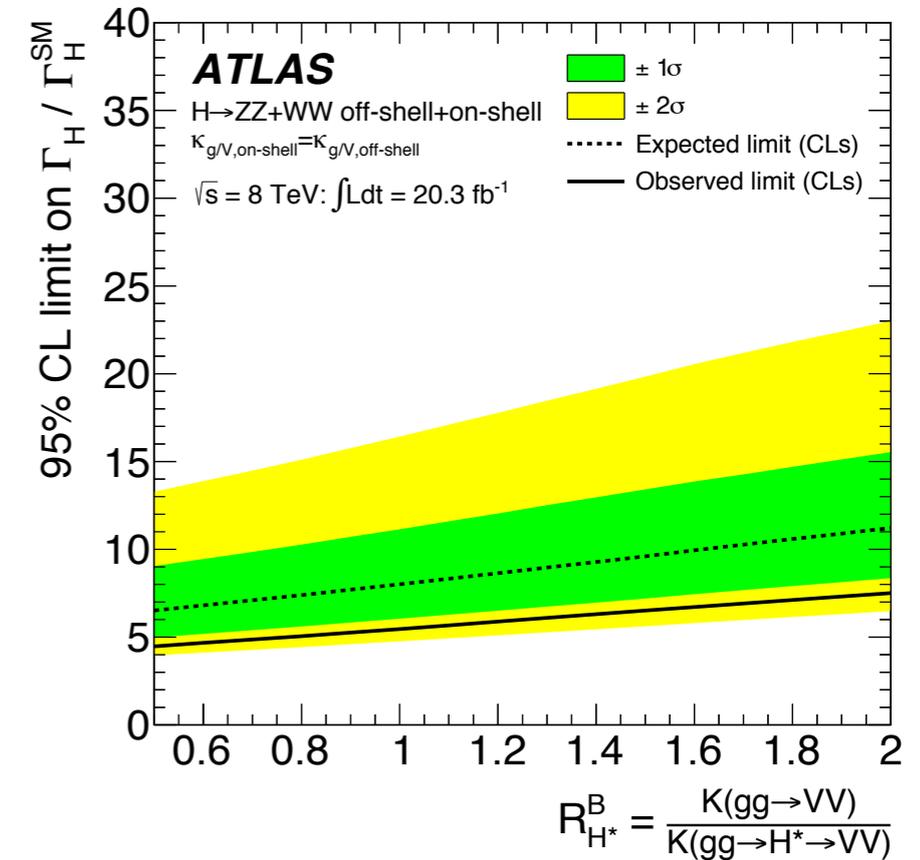
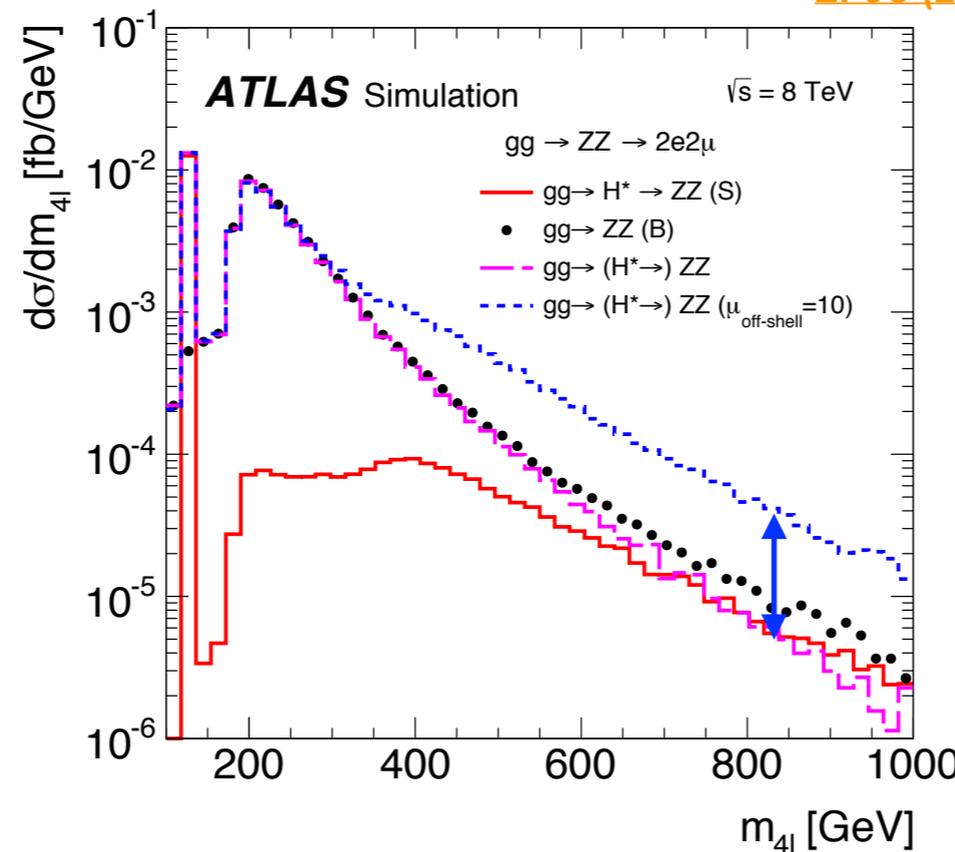
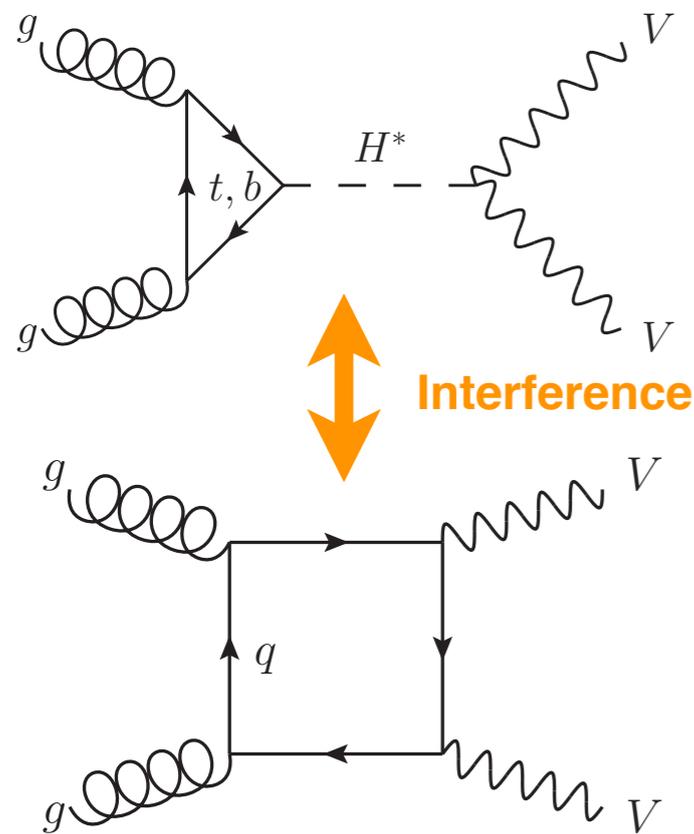
  

Decay mode																																		
H → bb			H → ττ				H → WW			H → ZZ			H → γγ																					
Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty		Best fit value	Uncertainty																					
	Stat.	Syst.		Stat.	Syst.																													
1.12	+0.29	+0.19	+0.22	-0.28	-0.19	-0.20	1.02	+0.26	+0.15	+0.21	-0.24	-0.15	-0.19	1.28	+0.17	+0.09	+0.14	-0.16	-0.09	-0.13	1.06	+0.19	+0.16	+0.10	-0.17	-0.15	-0.08	1.20	+0.17	+0.12	+0.12	-0.14	-0.11	-0.09
	(+0.28)	(+0.19)	(+0.21)	(-0.27)	(-0.18)	(-0.20)		(+0.24)	(+0.15)	(+0.19)	(-0.23)	(-0.14)	(-0.17)		(+0.14)	(+0.09)	(+0.11)	(-0.13)	(-0.09)	(-0.10)		(+0.18)	(+0.15)	(+0.10)	(-0.16)	(-0.14)	(-0.08)		(+0.14)	(+0.10)	(+0.09)	(-0.12)	(-0.10)	(-0.07)

# Higgs Decay Width

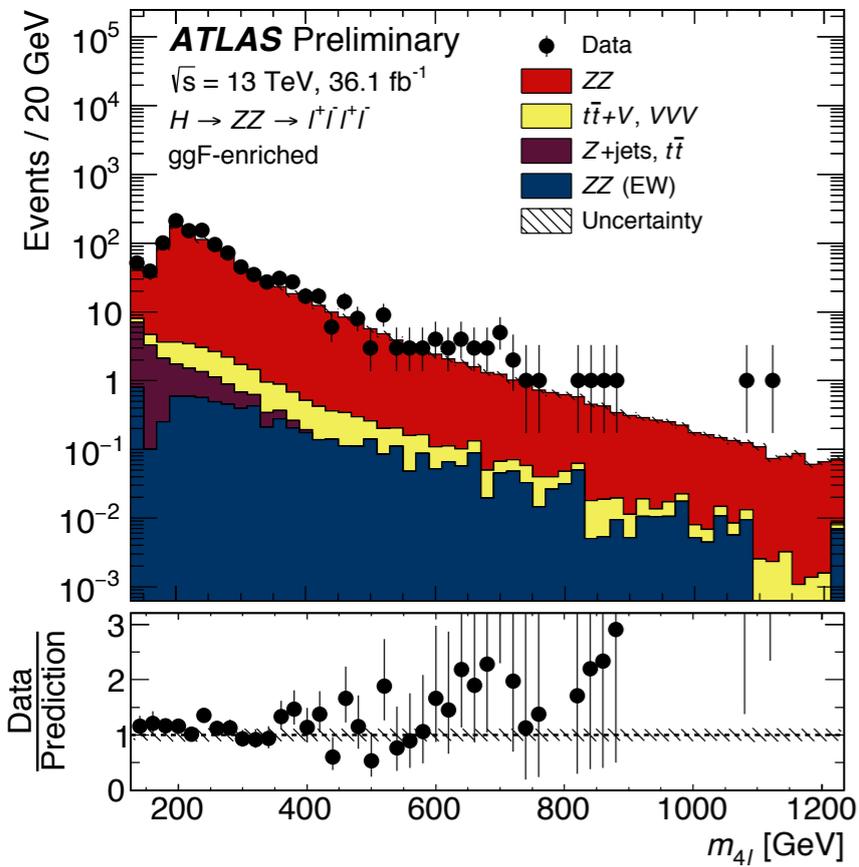


- The decay width of the Higgs boson is 4.1 MeV. Unable to directly measure at the LHC due to detector resolution ( $\Gamma_H < 1.10 \text{ GeV}@95\% \text{ CL [CMS]}$ ). **To be measured at LC.**
- However, Higgs off-shell production is sensitive to the Higgs total width & it can be constrained at the LHC using  $H^* \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4l, \ell\ell\nu\nu$  &  $H^* \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\nu\ell\nu$ .
- Run 1:  **$\Gamma_H < 22.7 (33.0) \text{ MeV [ATLAS], 13 (26) \text{ MeV [CMS]}$**  @95% CL for obs (exp).  
*model-dependent*
- Constraints will improve with statistics.

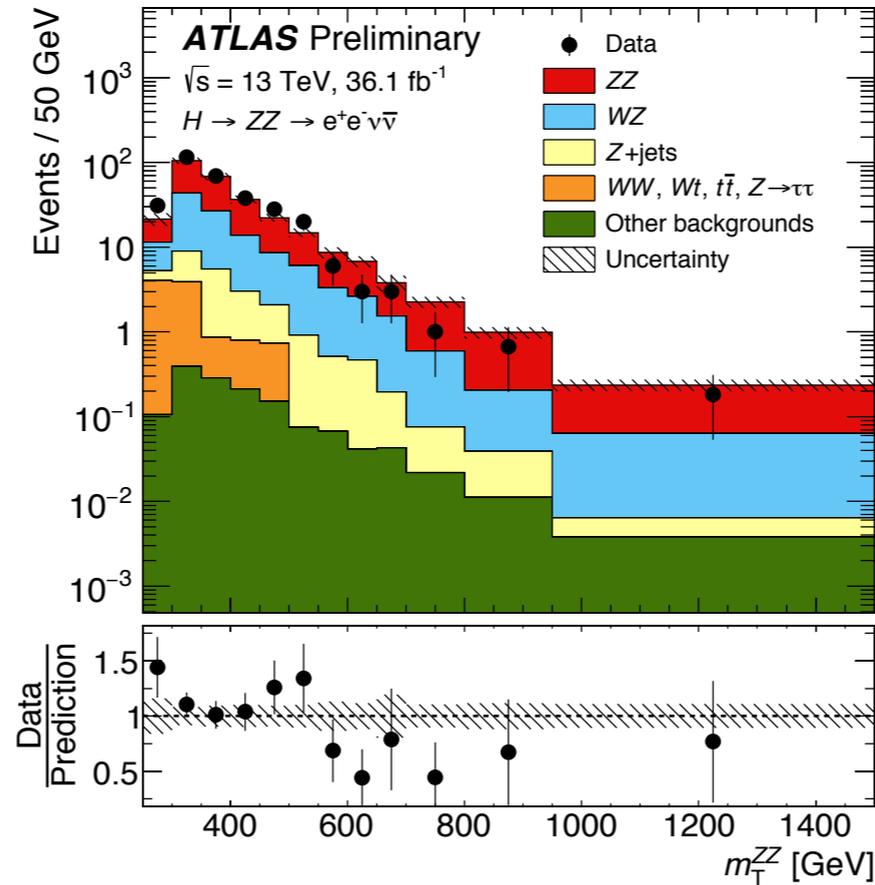


# X( $\rightarrow$ ZZ)

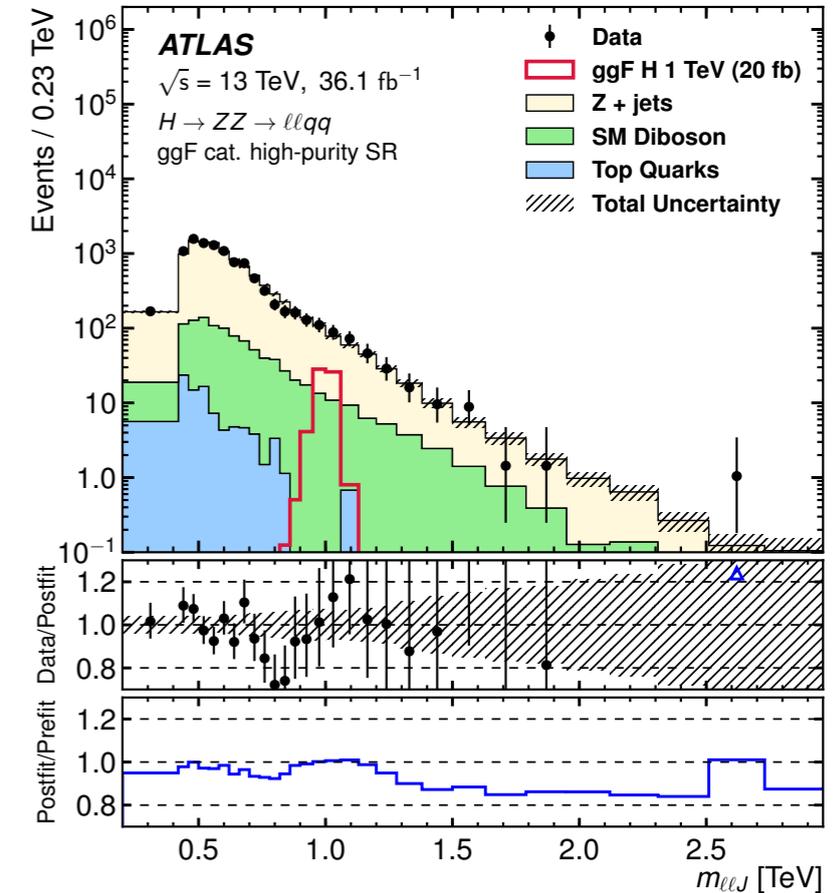
## X $\rightarrow$ ZZ $\rightarrow$ 4 $\ell$



## X $\rightarrow$ ZZ $\rightarrow$ $\ell\ell\nu\nu$

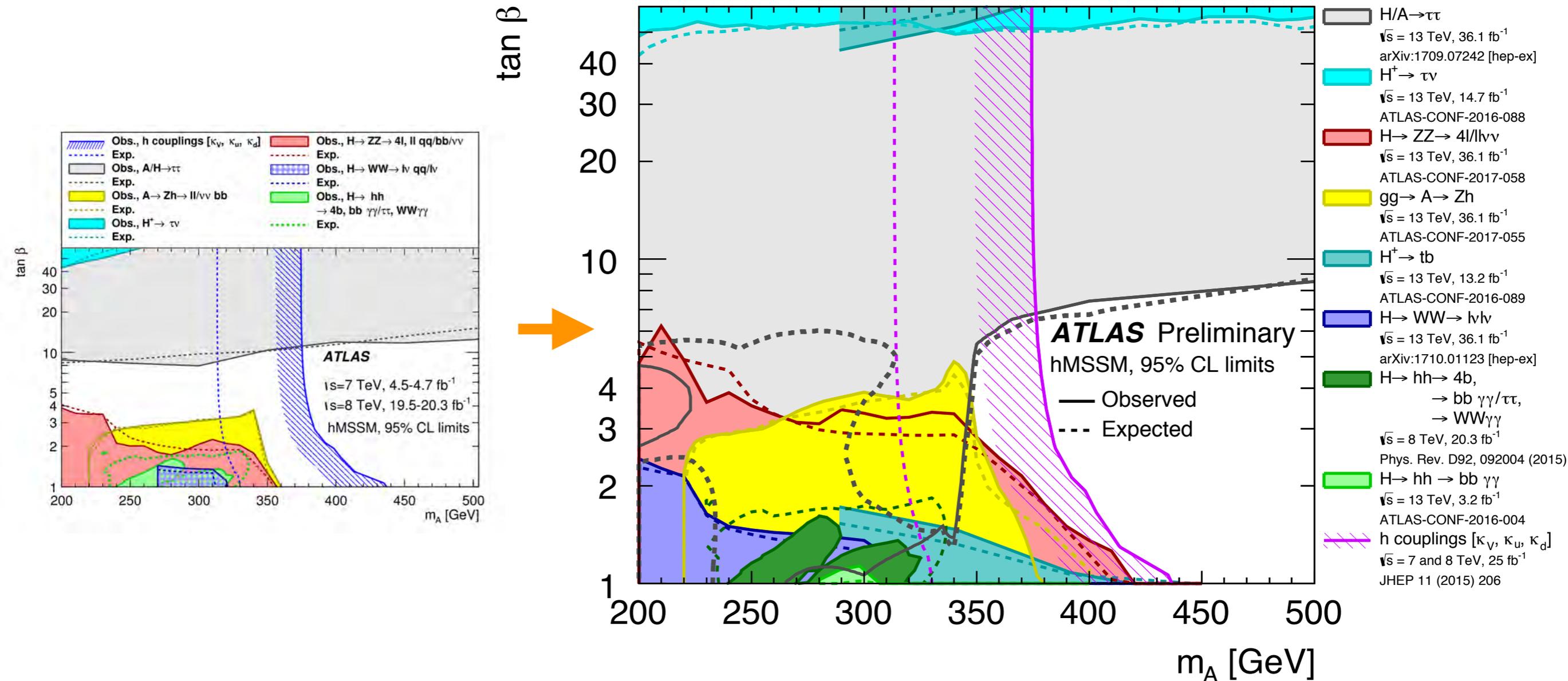


## X $\rightarrow$ ZZ $\rightarrow$ $\ell\ell qq$



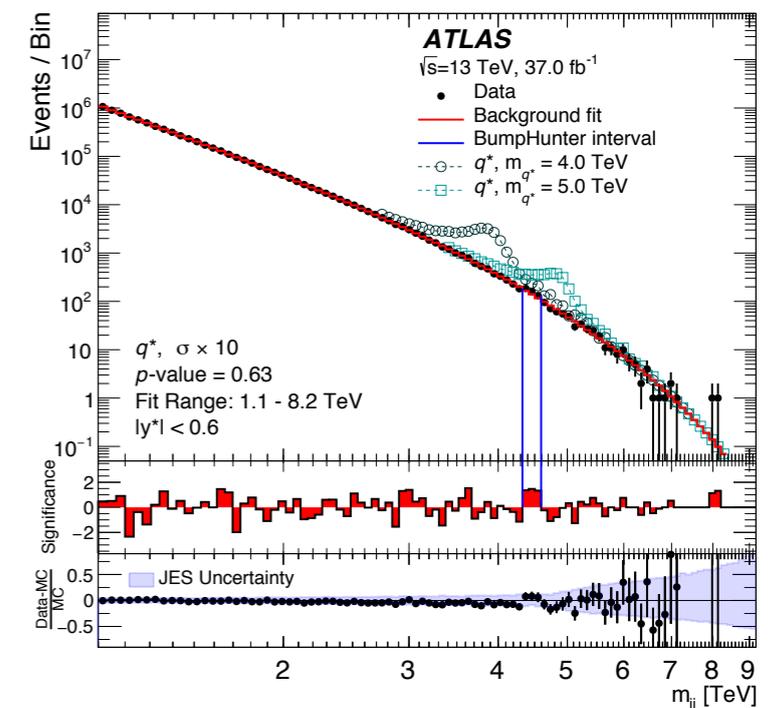
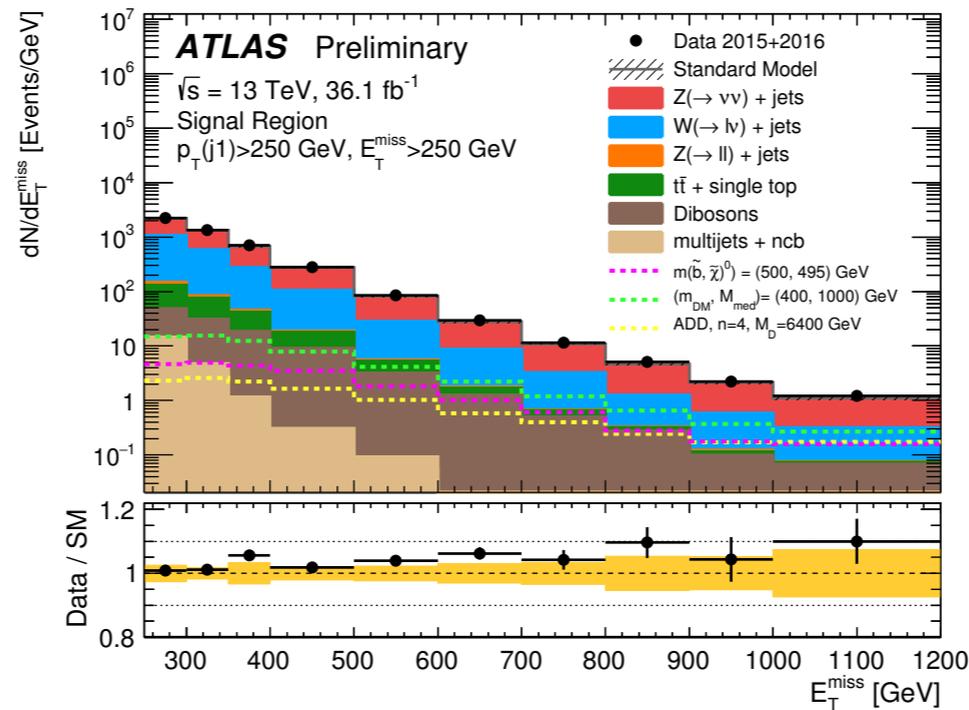
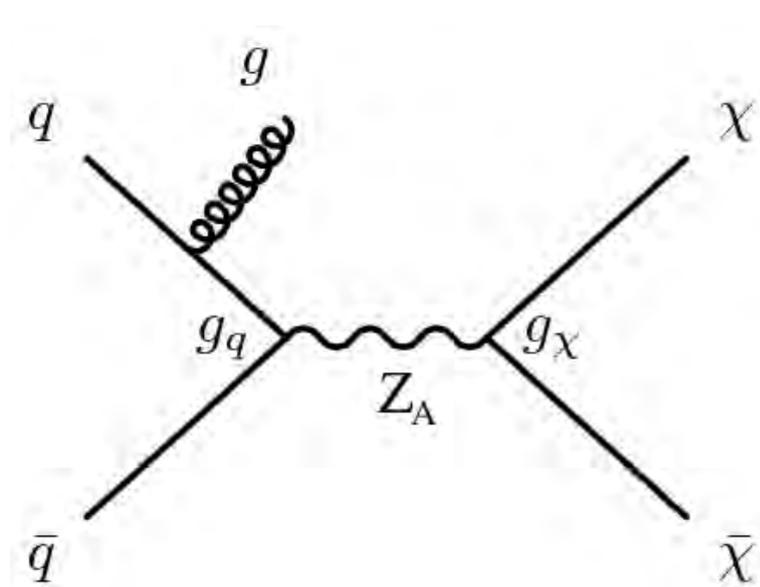
- **Visible excess of  $3.6\sigma$**  (global  $2.2\sigma$ ) at 240 & 700 GeV. Mainly 4e for 240 GeV.
  - **700 GeV is not expected from the 2HDM.**
- 700 GeV excess not observed in  $\ell\ell\nu\nu$ ,  $\ell\ell qq$  (deficit in the latter..)
- **Need improvement on the ZZ BG estimation for 4 $\ell$  &  $\ell\ell\nu\nu$**  (currently fully relying on MC w/ NNLO QCD & NLO EW precision).

# Heavy Higgs Summary

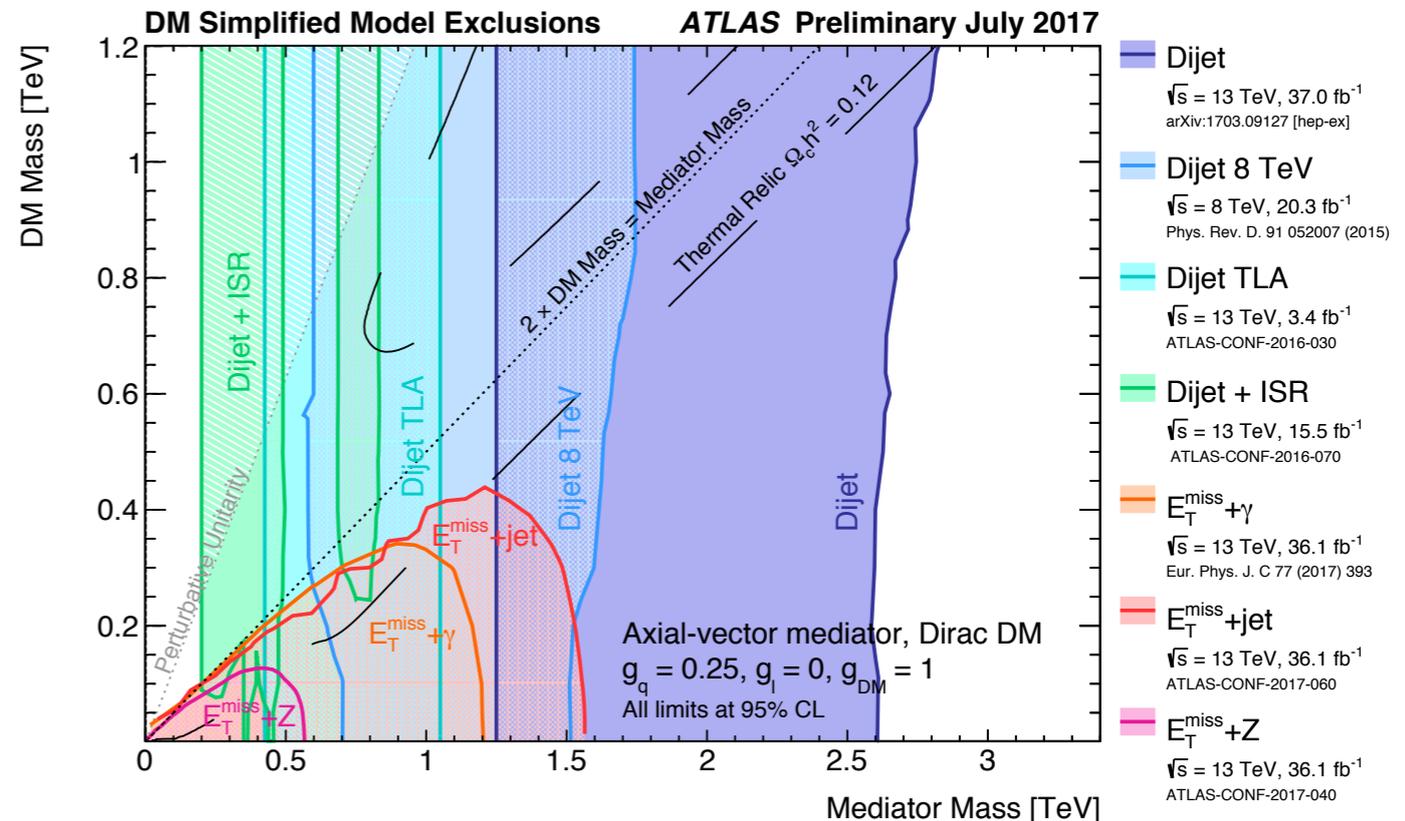


- Exclusions from heavy Higgs searches are summarized in the  $m_A$ - $\tan\beta$  plane for hMSSM.
- Significant improvement in Run-2.

# More Generic DM Searches

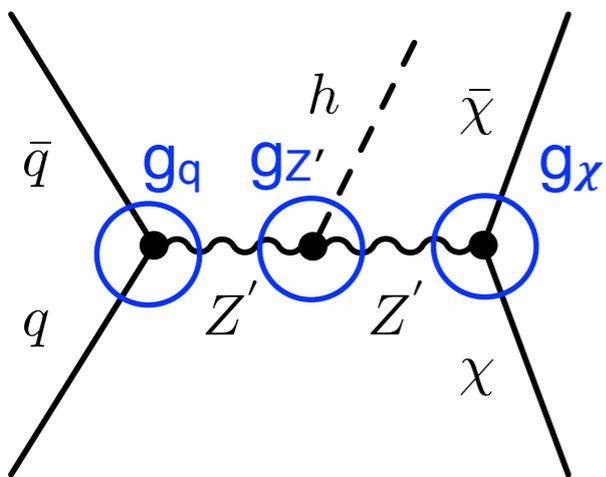


- Direct productions of DM are searched in “ $E_T^{\text{miss}} + \text{ISR (jet, } \gamma, W/Z, \text{ etc.)}$ ” final states.
- “Monojet” channel (ISR=jet) has the highest sensitivity for generic cases.
- Assuming the simplified model above, the dijet resonance searches can also be interpreted for DM models.

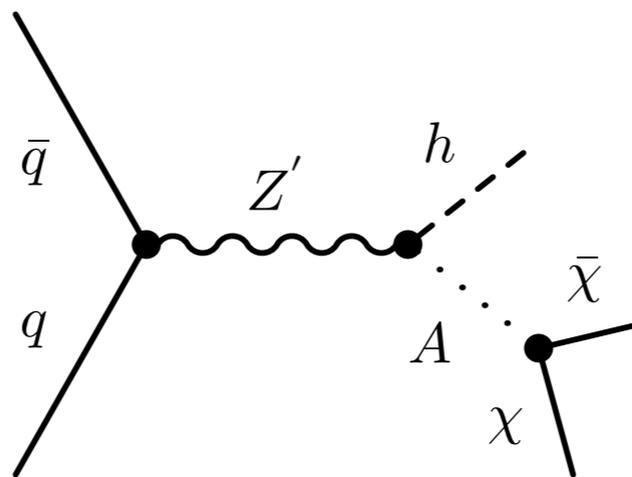


# Mono-H DM Searches

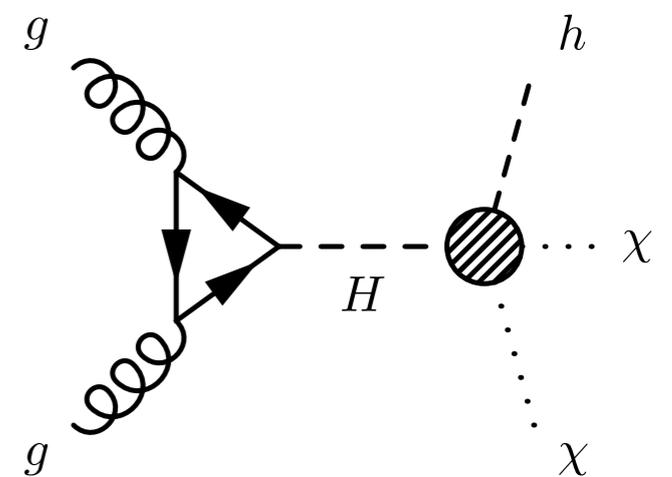
Vector Mediator Model



Z'-2HDM Model



Heavy Scalar Model



- Higgs-strahlung from initial-state partons is suppressed by the Yukawa coupling.
- **Mono-H searches are direct probes for the DM interactions.**

