ALICE Run 3 and ALICE3

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LHC schedule

Longer term LHC schedule

In January 2022, the schedule was updated with long shutdown 3 (LS3) to start in 2026 and to last for 3 years. HL-LHC operations now foreseen out to end 2041.



Run 6

LS5

Last update: April 2023

Protons physics

Commissioning with beam Hardware commissioning

Ions

ALICE detectors in LHC Run3



ALICE Run3



- Highest collision energy $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 5.36 \text{ TeV}$
- $dN_{ch}/d\eta \sim 2000$ in central collisions
- Upgrade during LS2
 - GEM TPC (fast readout)
 - ITS2 (vertexing resolution)
 - Online-Offline (O²) reconstruction

Integrated luminosity in ALICE



• 1.54 nb⁻¹ in PbPb at 5.36 TeV ~ 12B collisions

PID performance in Run3



- Clear separation of $e/\pi/K/p/d/t/He$ with TPC dE/dx
- Clear separation of e/ π /K/p with TOF β

Charmed hadrons in Run 3



- Clear peaks of D mesons and $\Lambda_{c}{}^{\scriptscriptstyle +}$
- Results from 290B events recorded in 2022
- Promising

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Charmonia in Run 3



- Clear J/ψ and ψ(2S) peaks in both dielectron and dimuon channels

Bottomonia in Run 3

- First bottomonia peaks with dielectron channel in ALICE
 - 500B events analyzed
- Υ(1S), Υ(2S), Υ(3S) peaks

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Dielectrons in Run3

- Clear π^0 , η , ω/ρ , ϕ , J/ ψ , $\psi(2S)$, and Υ signals and correlated HF \rightarrow ee continuum
- DCA analysis based on different life time of emission sources (Distance of Closest Approach)
 - Prompt (mesons and possible thermal radiation)
 - Non-prompt (correlation HF \rightarrow ee, c τ ~150µm for D mesons, 400µm for B mesons)

Photon conversions

- Critical technique to measure photons at low p_T .
- ITS, TPC, and their support structures are visible.
- Clear reconstruction of $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$

ALICE3

 $\eta = 4.0$ $\eta = 5.0$

ECal RICH TOF

itof

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z (m)

2

- ALICE3 : Main physics goals 2 pillars –
- Electromagnetic probes
 - Thermal radiation
 - Pre-equilibrium radiation
 - Chiral symmetry restoration
- Heavy flavors
 - Multi-charmed hadrons
 - Beauty baryons beyond $\Lambda_{\!\rm b}{}^0$
 - XXXX

Again, high statistics and precise vertexing are crucial for both topics.

Strangeness tracking

• Retractable tracker allows us to track hyperons, so-called "strangeness tracking".

• Key to reconstruct multi-charmed hadrons

Multi-charmed hadrons

- Precise primary and secondary vertexing
- Necessary for multicharmed hadrons and exotic hadrons.

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Electromagnetic radiation

• Determine early stage of the collision

- e.g. dN/dm_{ee} \propto exp(-m_{ee}/T) in 1.1 < m_{ee} < 2.0 GeV/c².

- Electrons from charmed hadrons are main background.
 - precise vertexing is necessary.

Direct photon HBT

- Size of emission source (size of QGP)
- Disentangle direct photon puzzle
 - large yield (early emission) and large v_2 (late emission) of thermal photons are not understood.
- High- $k_{\rm T}$ diphoton pair provides insight on early stage of space-time evolution

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Summary

- ALICE upgrade is successfully done during LS2.
- ALICE recorded high statistics in 2022 and 2023.
 - 28.2 pb⁻¹ in pp at 13.6 TeV
 - 1.54 nb⁻¹ in PbPb at 5.36 TeV
- Nice performance and physics preliminary plots from Run 3
- ALICE3 project with advanced silicon technology
 - retractable tracker in beam pipe
 - PID with TOF, RICH
 - 2 main pillars : EM probes and HF hadrons